

DEFEAT FOR THE BOERS

Gen. White At Ladysmith
Repulses Burghers At
Every Point.

BULLER HELD IN CHECK

Transvaalers In Force About
Ladysmith and On Buller's
Route to That City.

The Rumor that Gen. White Took 400
Boer Prisoners On Saturday Denied
at the War Office—Gen. White's
Dispatch Giving the News of Serious
Defeat of the Boers—Germany In
a Bad Temper Over British Seizures
On the High Seas—France May
Also Protest.

London, Jan. 8.—[Special Cable-
gram]—A dispatch to the war office
from Frere camp says that Gen. White
at Ladysmith has repulsed the Boers at
every point.

The following bulletin was posted at
the war office from Frere Camp Jan. 8.
"The attack commenced chiefly
against Caser's camp and Wagon hill.
The enemy in great strength pushed the
attack with the greatest courage. The
entrenchments on Wagon hill were
taken three times by the enemy and
three times retaken by us. The attack
continued until 7:30 o'clock. At one
point our position was occupied by the
enemy during the whole day but at dusk
during a heavy rain storm, they were
turned out at the point of the bayonet
in a most gallant manner by the Devons.
The troops had a most trying time but
behaved excellently. I am elated over
the services they have rendered the
queen. The enemy was everywhere re-
pulsed with a very heavy loss, greatly
exceeding ours.

Demonstration Against Coloaso.

Frere Camp, Saturday night, Jan. 6.—
[Special Cablegram]—Today's demon-
stration against Coloaso was made
principally by artillery. After the field
artillery had thrown shrapnell into the
Boer trenches near the river, they de-
voted their attention to the Boer camp
between Coloaso and Grobbers Cloof. A
force of one hundred mounted Boers
was stampeded and several of them
killed. The Boers only firing consisted
of a few volleys against the carbiniers
when the latter advanced near Coloaso.
Did White Take 400 Prisoners?

London, Jan. 8.—[Special Cablegram]
—The Central News makes definite an-
nouncement, confirmatory of Buller's
rumor that Gen. White took four hun-
dred Boers prisoners on Saturday. The
news is not credited by the war office,
which says that Gen. Buller forwarded
the latest known advices.

Nothing further has been heard con-
cerning the captured company of the
Suffolks. The battalion to which it be-
longed early in the war was sent out to
replace the losses at Nicholson's Nek
when most of the Gloucestershire and
Irish regiments were forced to surrender.
Ladysmith All Right January 1.

Frere Camp, Jan. 8.—[Special Cable-
gram]—A rumor who left Ladysmith
January 1, brings advices to the effect
that everybody in the beleaguered city
was apparently cheerful, although it is
impossible to go outside of the city
without becoming a target for the Boer
bullets. The number of the besieging
force cannot be determined, as the Boers
keep under cover all the time. The
Boers are engaged in transporting
large amounts of stores in the direction
of Coloaso, and have fortified every emi-
nence on the line of Buller's army
from the north.

DESPERATE BATTLE AT LADYSMITH

Gen. White's Last Dispatch Says He Was
Hard Pressed

London, Jan. 8.—[Special Cablegram]
—That a desperate battle occurred at
Ladysmith Saturday is certain, but the
brief bulletins received at the war office
up to an early hour this morning gave
no indication as to its results.

General White's last dispatch stated
that he was very hard pressed, and al-
though he had beaten off the Boers
once they returned, re-enforced, to the
attack. At Frere camp, in addition to
the cannonading by big guns, could be
heard the rattle of smaller artillery, in-
dicating a fight at close range.

General Buller sent all available troops
to make a demonstration at Coloaso
Saturday afternoon, but found the
trenches occupied by Joubert's army.
He fails to state the result of his move.
General French, commanding the

fourth British column operating in south
Africa and the only one that has not so
far met with a reverse, reports a "serious
accident" in which a detachment of the
Suffolk regiment was defeated, leaving
seventy men, including seven officers,
prisoners in the hands of the Boers.
His loss in killed and wounded is not
given.

Boer dispatches by way of Pretoria,
tell of the capture of Kuruman, British
Bechuanaland, by a force of burghers,
after a bombardment and battle. Im-
perial troops and civil officials to the
number of 120 were taken prisoners, as
well as seventy natives, who were aiding
the English. Valuable food supplies
and war munitions fell into the hands of
the Boers.

Troops Endure Hardships

London, Jan. 8.—[Special Cablegram]
—A letter from a private in the Irish
Rifles, written from Stormberg, where
he was taken as a prisoner after Gen.
Gatacre's defeat, is published here. The
man writes that the British were so
worn out by forced marching from Mol-
tenoth that upon the retreat many of them
dropped to the ground and slept. The
Boers picking them up where they lay.
The letter farther says that Gatacre
was so enraged when he found that he
had been misled that he pulled a revolver
and shot his guide.

An Unconfirmed Rumor.

London, Jan. 8.—[Special Cable-
gram]—The Sun prints an unconfirmed
rumor that Gen. Buller has crossed the
Tugela river capturing twelve Boer guns
and is now marching to the relief of
Ladysmith.

GERMANS ARE IN A BAD TEMPER.

Loss of Patience with England—Immediate Action on Naval Bill Urged.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—The Berlin corre-
spondent of the London Standard says
the German foreign office has been
induced to lodge another protest with
the British government in consequence
of the Standard's recent Durban cable
to the effect that colored passengers
on board the Bundesrath were set free
by the British authorities while Euro-
pean passengers were detained.
The capture of the Herzog has added
new fuel to the flames. The public
demands the seizure of British ships
in German harbors. The press, how-
ever, advises against this, as it would
be a casus belli.

The Berliner Nueste Nachrichten
calls for the immediate introduction of
a naval bill and the conveying of Ger-
man steamers by warships.

France May Make Protest.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—The Tageblatt learns
from a well-informed source in St.
Petersburg that in case Portugal gives
Great Britain a free hand in Delagoa
bay the other powers, Russia and
France especially, may regard it as a
breach of neutrality involving the
possibilities of intervention.

ALL OF ST. LOUIS IS IN A RAGE

Charge Made That Public Institutions
Are Put in Peril by Boot-
ling Officials.

St. Louis, Jan. 8.—Boodling, corrup-
tion, legislative juggling and trifling
with matters of immediate and momen-
tous importance to the welfare of the
city, together with the hundred other
evils that this trinity of vices engenders,
have come to such a disgraceful pass
that the public is called upon to take
the law into its own hands—in other
words, to hang the boodlers in the
municipal assembly.

"For less cause than this," says one
newspaper, "Chicago organized a vigil-
ance committee and threatened to lynch
its corrupt legislators. St. Louis might
gain a valuable lesson from the effect of
that action."

Another paper, the Republic, a con-
servative Democratic organ is out today
with an editorial strongly insinuating
that lynch law may be the only remedy
in the hands of the public to secure its
rights from the rotten municipal as-
sembly. Under the heading "Call Judge
Lynch" the Republic says:

"The situation must be perilous in
the extreme to justify the people of any
community in appealing for protection
to a higher law than that embodied in
their statutes and enforced by their
courts. To that desperate condition it
would seem, however, those who live in
this good city of St. Louis have been
brought by the ignorance, indifference
or corruption of the officials who have
the welfare of its people in charge.

"These are strong words but not
stronger than the serious peril of the
existing situation fully warrants. There
is no lawful authority to which the citi-
zen can turn for adequate protection of
property or security of life."

Nash Made Governor of Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 8.—[Special
Telegram]—George K. Nash was in-
augurated governor of Ohio today.

Old Egyptian Porcelain.

The question whether the ancient
Egyptians made porcelain seems to have
been settled at last. Specimens
heretofore found were pronounced of
Chinese origin by experts, but a frag-
ment of a statuette recently found
near Memphis is declared to be real
Egyptian by Chatelet.

HOARD IS FOR PURE DAIRY PRODUCTS

DEMANDS OBSERVANCE OF
GOOD LAWS FOR FARMERS.

Pure Products His Policy—The Farmers
Prosperity Underlies the Welfare of
the Country—Badger State Produces
\$35,000,000 Worth of Dairy Products
—Law For Dairymen.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—"Secretary of Agri-
culture Wilson is doing everything in his
power for the best interests of the dairy-
man and farmer. He understands their
interests and he knows that their pros-
perity underlies the prosperity of the
country."

Former Governor W. D. Hoard of
Wisconsin, said this at the Sherman
House Saturday. He has left for Brat-
tleboro, Vt., to attend a meeting of the
National Dairy Union, of which he is
the president. He continued: "It is
said that oleomargarine is the poor
man's butter. Its cost is below 11 cents,
but it is sold in open market as butter
for 28 cents a pound. It is a fraud and
counterfeit, and because it passes as but-
ter it is sold at the price of butter. The
stupid dishonesty of the American policy
has lost us an immense foreign mar-
ket. In 1880 we shipped to England
\$15,000,000 worth of cheese. Then we
began to make 'filled' cheese, and in
1899 our export to England was \$3,000,
000 worth of cheese.

How Canada Gains Trade.

"Canada has laws that secure pure
foods. She saw her opportunity and
has taken the English market from us.
She exported in 1899 \$17,000,000
worth of cheese. The figures prove
that sound ethics are good commerce.
Fraud results in loss of trade. What
we want to do is to provide against
counterfeits and gradually regain our
trade.

"The value of the dairy products of
the United States is \$800,000,000 a
year. Wisconsin produces \$35,000,000
worth; my own county of Jefferson
\$4,000,000. There is a cow in that
county to every inhabitant. Now these
vast interests do not demand any pro-
tection but that against fraud and
counterfeit. When I was governor I
received many letters from chambers of
commerce abroad, from Bristol and
Glasgow, inquiring into the fraudulent
cheese and butter we are sending abroad.
The dairy product of the whole Pacific
coast is now going across the Pacific
to the countries of the far east. Are we
going, by stupid dishonesty, to lose
that market to Australia, as we have
nearly lost the English market to Can-
ada?"

"Representative Grout of Vermont
has introduced a bill into the house
which dairymen like myself are going
down to Washington in a few days to
have passed if we can. The bill has
two provisions which if enforced by law
would do much for dairymen all over the
land. We have no objection to oleo-
margarine being upon the market, but
we contend it should not be allowed to
mask as butter."

HE STILL LAMENTS HIS MISFORTUNE

Henry T. Corbett Held on Charge of
Assault With Intent
to Kill.

Racine, Wis., Jan. 8.—Henry T. Cor-
bett, held to the municipal court on
the charge of assault with intent to kill
the Rev. D. B. Cheney, is sick this
morning. He was unable to leave his
bed at the jail. It is believed that his
nervous system is shattered and that he
will completely collapse before his trial
in March. He still laments his mis-
fortune and protests his innocence and
says that the confinement will surely
kill him.

POPS WILL NOT FUSE

Milwaukee Members of that Party
Meet and Condemn Action of
Mayor Rose.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 8.—The central
and county committees of the people's
party, which aided in the election of
Mayor Rose, yesterday afternoon held a
largely attended meeting. Resolutions
were passed condemning the action of
the mayor and common council, and
expressing readiness to co-operate with
all citizens in supporting a municipal
ticket at the next election pledged to
protect the interests of the citizens as
against organized monopolies.

The contempt proceedings against the
mayor and aldermen was continued to-
day before Judge Ludwig.

Adolf Philip and his Germania The-
atre Company, direct from New York,
opened their western engagement at the
Davidson Theatre last evening before a
large audience, presenting their German-
American musical farce called "A New
York Brewer." The comedy made a
sensational hit, and at the end of the
second act there were no fewer than ten
certain calls, and the star was called be-
fore the curtain for a speech.

Cocaine a Key to Heaven.

Many aborigines use the coca shrub,
from which cocaine is prepared, in the
fulfillment of their religious rites, plac-
ing a leaf of the plant in the dead per-
son's mouth before burial to insure
certain admittance to heaven.

BLOOD MAY BE SHED IN OLD KENTUCKY

EFFORTS TO SEAT THE GOEBEL-
ITES WILL BE RESISTED.

Thousands to Be Summoned to the
Capital of Kentucky—Former Gov-
ernor Bradley Is Formulating Plans
For An Emergency—Militia Is In
Readiness.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 8.—Everything
is ready for a revolution in Kentucky,
if the Legislature and the state election
committee try to remove the Republi-
cans from the state offices to which they
were elected by the people. Former
Governor Bradley has formulated the
plans for resisting the action of the
Democratic bodies. One thousand
stalwart Republicans will be summoned
to Frankfort as witnesses in the contest
cases, and they will be armed and ready
for any emergency. This city will fur-
nish about fifty such men. Winchester
will send fifteen, Paris twelve or more
and other cities and towns in proportion
to their population, while the mountain
counties, which are Republican, strong-
holds will send hundreds.

A fund is now being raised to main-
tain those of the witnesses, who are un-
able to pay their own expenses and the
wants of the witnesses will be carefully
looked after. The militia has been care-
fully drilled and made ready for emer-
gency calls, so that several hundred
soldiers could be thrown into Frankfort
within two or three hours after a call is
issued, and these could be largely re-
enforced within twenty-four hours.

Taylor Will Resist.

Governor Taylor will refuse to give
up the offices, and will be backed by the
witnesses, as well as the militia. Goebel
may get himself sworn in as governor and
he may secure mandamus from the
highest state courts to compel the re-
publicans to vacate the offices; but the
courts' authority will be held by force
of arms if Goebel tries to use force in
taking the offices at all hazards.

Already a number of armed men from
this city and from Winchester have been
in Frankfort for the purpose of prevent-
ing, even at the muzzle of the revolver,
the taking of the republicans' places by
the democrats. Every movement of
Goebel and his leaders is watched, and
if the republicans are finally outwitted
the Goebel men will have to be more
adroit than they have thus far shown
themselves to be.

The object of the republicans to hold
the offices by force will be to throw the
contest into the United States courts,
which they believe will decide the cases
on their merits, and not by partisan
bias. If this be done the republicans
feel there can be but one result, and
that they will be kept in the offices to
which they were elected.

Declaration of a Leader.

One of the men who has gone to
Frankfort to fight, if necessary, for the
maintenance of majority rule, said to-
night:

"Yes, it is true that we are ready to
fight to retain the republicans in their
offices. It has been agreed that Goebel
shall not be governor, and that the other
claimants for state offices shall not hold
them, as they were not elected.

"This may be revolution, but it is just
what we purpose doing. We all have
two revolvers each, in most cases of large
caliber, and we will be able to give a
good account of ourselves if it becomes
necessary to fight. The democratic
leaders will be the first targets, and
after they are killed I don't believe we
will have any trouble.

"We are desperately in earnest, and
intend to carry out the program pre-
pared by the republican leaders."

MAN-WOMAN OF THE PERIOD

Dr. Parkhurst on Revolt of Females
Against Their Vocations.

New York, Jan. 8.—Regarding the
"man-woman of the period" the Rev.
Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D., pastor to
the Madison Square Presbyterian
Church, writes:

"There is quite a respectable minority
of women (respectable from a numerical
standpoint, at any rate) who seem to re-
gard it as a mistake on the Lord's part
that they have been limited to such nar-
row vocations as taking care of the
home, raising children, and initiating
those children in the first principles of
life, learning and conduct. It is one of
the features of the day—the number of
women who are in revolt against the
destiny to which they are morally, men-
tally, and physiologically ordained.
They are trying to do two things from
which they are by the constitution of
nature prohibited.

"First, they are trying to cease to be
women; and second, they are attempting
to be men.

"The consequence is what might have
been anticipated. They fail of being
exactly anything—just enough of both
to miss being much of either. I don't
believe that, relatively speaking, yet
number of these experimenters is the lat-
est but the minority does not need to be
numerous in order to be much in evi-
dence.

"It is good scripture and good civiliza-
tion that a woman is intended to be
man's helpmeet. It is an old fashioned
idea, but it worked well so long as it
obtained, and we shall not be willing
to have it replaced by the 'new woman'
fad until there is evidence that the in-
novation issues in a better type of wo-
manhood.

"The hope of the world is in the
family, and the hope of the family is,

first of all, the distinct and exclusive
womanliness of the mother. If women
want to continue to retain the natural
admiration of the other sex, they will
have to do it by taking care to be wo-
men and nothing but women. Also, if
they wish to preserve the distinctive
quality and inexpressible delicacy of
their sex they will have to do it by
broadening, not contracting, the dis-
tance that divides their sex from the
other.

"I venture to say that, thanks to the
noisy demonstrativeness of the minority
above mentioned, woman has during the
last thirty years become a cheaper
thing in man's esteem; and it is as much
due to that fact as to any increasing
baseness in masculine character that
among people in higher as well as in
lower social conditions the relations be-
tween the sexes are acquiring so much
of indecency, vulgarity and even of tur-
pitude."

GERMAN KAISER IS GOING TO EGYPT

Wilhelm Will Extend His Spring Tour
—Mrs. Gladstone 88 Years Old
—British Losses.

London, Jan. 8.—The Daily Mail's
dispatch from Hamburg says:

"The Emperor and Empress of Ger-
many are going to Rome in April, and
will then go on board the imperial yacht
Hohenzollern for a tour of the east. They
will also pay a visit to Egypt."

Another dispatch from Rome says:
"The news is officially confirmed to-
day that the German Emperor and
Empress will visit Rome next April and
afterwards embark for Naples on the
yacht Hohenzollern for a tour of Egypt."

Mrs. Gladstone Eighty-Eight Years Old.

Mrs. Gladstone's eighty eighth birth-
day was quietly celebrated on Saturday
at Hawarden Castle, where most of the
members of the family are staying.
Some grave rumors which have been in
circulation recently regarding the
venerable woman's health have been
declared unfounded. Dr. Doble of
Chester, who saw Mrs. Gladstone during
the last week, states that she is in fair
general health.

There is a possibility the Duke of
York may return to service in the navy.
The possibility is discussed at Ports-
mouth where the new battleship Glory,
which is to undergo steam and gunnery
trials next week, and it is rumored the
Duke will hoist his pennant on board the
Glory.

The total British losses in South
Africa to date are 6,791. The killed
number 793; wounded, 3,614; missing,
2,265; died of sickness, 118.

GEAR WINS IN IOWA

Present Senator Has Won A Hard
Fought Political Battle—Mr.
Cummins Will Withdraw.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 8.—A. B. Cum-
mins has asked his friends to withdraw
his name from the senatorial caucus
which has been called to meet tonight at
8 o'clock. In all probability they will
accede to his wish. The selection of D.
H. Bowen of Allamakee county as the
choice of the republican members of the
house for speaker practically determined
the result of the senatorial contest in
favor of Senator Gear.

LOUIS WESNER KILLED

Prominent Business Man of Stevens
Point Shot Down On Main
Street Today.

Stevens Point, Jan. 8.—[Special Tele-
gram]—Louis Wesner, a prominent citi-
zen and a member of the firm of Curran
& Wesner, was killed by Sigmund
Green, a horse dealer, this morning on
Main street. Green was arrested. The
coroners inquest will be held tomorrow.

BUZZ SAW CAUSES TROUBLE

Several Rock County Farmers Alleged
They Own the Same Machine

Before Justice M. P. Richardson to-
day was heard the replevin case of C. C.
Fisher vs. James M. Bennett and Silas
Fisher. The interested parties are farm-
ers. The plaintiff brings action to re-
cover a buzz saw outfit valued at fifty
dollars. The defendants claim they
made the purchase of the saw of one
George Apfel. The plaintiff alleged that
he loaned the saw to Apfel and that he
had no right to sell it. At a late hour
this afternoon Stanley D. Tallman was
arguing for the defendants. Several
witnesses were examined.

Why the Leaves Turn.

The common and old-fashioned idea
is that the tints of autumn foliage are
caused by frost. Stated briefly, the
causes are these: The green matter in
the tissue of a leaf is composed of two
colors, red and blue. When the sap
ceases to flow in the autumn and the
natural growth of the tree ceases,
oxidation of the tissue takes place. Under
certain conditions the green
leaf changes to red; under different
conditions it takes on a yellow or
brown tint—due to difference in com-
bination of the original constituents
of the green tissue, and to the vary-
ing conditions of climate, exposure and
soil. A dry, cold climate produces
more brilliant foliage than one that is
damp and warm. This is the reason
that our American autumns are so
much more gorgeous than those of
England.

LIEUT. GILMORE IN HARD LINES

Admiral Watson, It Is Said,
Will Organize a Court
of Inquiry.

HAD NO ORDER TO ACT

The Brave Soldier Entered the

River At Baler Without

Any Authority.

Campaign In Southern Luzon Against

the Insurgents Who Have Been

Massing at Cavite Has Been Opened

By Gen. Bates—Skirmish By a

Force Under Col. Birkhimer In

Which Seventy-Four Rebels Were

Killed—Gilmore Safe At Manila

Washington, Jan. 8.—[Special Tele-
gram]—It is believed that Admiral Wat-
son will organize a court of inquiry over
Lieut. Gilmore, because, it is alleged, he
entered the river near Baler without
authority. It is said his orders required
him simply to make a reconnaissance.

Gage's Reply on Wednesday

Washington, Jan. 8.—[Special Tele-
gram]—Secretary Gage's reply to the
resolutions of both houses inquiring into
the relations of the treasury department
with the national banks, will be sent to
congress on Wednesday.

The condition of General Greeley, chief

signal officer, who was badly injured by

a drunken man last night, shows great

improvement. He will speedily recover.

FIGHT ON IN SOUTHERN LUZON

Force under Col. Birkhimer Severely De-
feats the Insurgents

Manila, Jan. 8.—The campaign

against the insurgents who have been

massing in the province of Cavite dur-
ing the last few weeks has been opened
by Gen. Bates in decisive fashion, and
a severe blow has been inflicted on the
rebels—not without a serious loss to
the American troops, however.

Preliminary reconnaissances have

been made by Col. Birkhimer with a

battalion of the Twenty-eighth volun-
teers and one gun at Novaleta, by
Major Taggart, with two battalions
of the same regiment, at Perez das Mari-
nas, and by a detachment of the
Fourth infantry south of Imus.

Seventy-four Rebels Killed.

The American force under Col. Birk-
himer was strongly opposed by the
rebels, who were attacked in a strong-
ly fortified position. Sixty-five of the
insurgents were killed in their trenches
and forty were wounded.

The Americans lost three killed, in-
cluding a lieutenant. Twenty were
wounded.

Thirty-five rifles were captured.

Gen. Schwan's command, which is
now at Binang, also had an engage-
ment with the Filipinos, in which nine
of the enemy were killed and twenty-
six captured. The American losses in
this fight were one killed and eleven
wounded.

Gilmore Safe at Manila.

ENJOYED A JUNE DAY IN JANUARY

PEOPLE BROUGHT INTO THE FIELDS AND HIGHWAYS.

Men, Women and Children Answered the Out Door Call Owing to the Beautiful Weather On Sunday—Delicious Soft Breezes Blowing Around Every Corner—Golfers Out.

There is nothing so rare, of course, as a day in June, except a June day in January. Then to all the charm that inheres in the day itself is added the joy of the unexpected and a delusive hope that winter's rough glare will not be seen again until spring's smile is really beaming.

Yesterday was such a joy of rare days. With the temperature resting around 50, with a blue sky overhead and delicious, caressing little breezes blowing around every corner, June's herald day beckoned Janesville people into the fields and highways. Not even the Pied Piper of Hamelin town could have called in more seductive tones.

Mild Delicious Air

Men, women and children answered the call, went out into closest contact with the day, and were glad they went. They had the sunlight, the bright, clear sky and the soft temperature as factors almost strong enough to convince them that they had suddenly fallen out of Janesville's January into some particularly happy season of some particularly happy time. Better even than those good things, they had the mild, deliciously penetrating air, such air as makes Coronado's boast, and with just its magic quality.

The birds did not sing, nor was the grass greener than the day before. There was no scent of blossoms in the air nor pleasant shade from new leaved trees. But it was easy to imagine them all. The magic air called them up so vividly to the mind that it was easier to believe, in truth, that the birds, the blossoms and the scents were waiting just around the next turn in the street than that the seariness of winter was all there was to be found.

Golfers Were Out Early

The golfers of the city were among the first to appreciate the possibilities of the day. Comparatively early in the morning they appeared on the club grounds, where Sunday stops not golf, and prepared themselves to drive the frisky ball around the links. Golfing language inensibly moderated itself under the influence of the day, golfing potatoes were luxuries instead of necessities, and the caddy found no cause—no physical cause, at least—to shiver as he waited long and patiently for some awkward player to hole a reluctant ball.

Cyclists on Their Wheels

The cyclist brought their wheels out of the storeroom, and even took the pains necessary for putting them together when they had them unhandled and unpedaled. The country roads showed more lone wheelmen and more wheeling parties than have been seen since early fall, but none of the riders begrudged the weariness of unaccustomed muscles, for they had been able to far outbalance such trifles with the pleasure of their sport.

It was an ideal spring day, coming in the midst of winter, and today was another just like it. The old settler is non-plussed over this extraordinary condition of affairs, and the coal baron is unhappy.

The Baby Is Cutting Teeth

So says and use the old and well tried remedy Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES

Quotations on Grain and Produce Are Reported for The Gazette.

The following figures show the range of prices in the local market. Corrected by P. H. Bump.

FLOUR—Retail at 90c@91.00 per sack.
BREAD—Retail at 75c@76.00 per 100 lbs.
MEAT—Retail at 70c@71.00 per 100 lbs.
FEED—Retail at 70c@71.00 per 100 lbs.

WHEAT—Fair to best grades, 50c@50.00.
BUCKWHEAT—\$1.00@1.00 per 100 lbs.
RYE—Good demand at 52c@53.

BARLEY—Ranges at 32c@33c, as per grade.
EAR CORN—\$1.00 @ \$1.00 per 100 lbs.
OATS—Common to best, white, 20c@21c.

BEANS—\$1.25@1.30 per bushel.
CLOVER SEED—\$7.00@7.50 per 100 lbs.
TIMOTHY SEED—\$2.00@2.25 per 100 lbs.

BUTTER—22c@23c.
EGGS—17c@18c per dozen.
HAY—Timothy 2nd, \$9@10.00; other kinds, \$7.00@8.00 per ton.

STRAW—\$4.50@5.00 per ton.
POTATOES—2c@2.50 per bushel.
POULTRY—Chickens, dressed, 9c@10c. Turkeys, 10c@11c.

WOOL—Washed, 20c@22c; unwashed, 15c@17c.
HIDES—Green, 40c@45c; dry, 30c@35c.
PELTS—Quotable at 25c@30c.

CATTLE—\$8.00@8.50 per cwt.
HORSES—\$2.50@3.50 per cwt.

Seven Sutherland Sisters

HAIR GROWER

should be used by every woman, man and child desiring a rich, soft, lustrous appearance of the hair. It is the most refreshing and invigorating dressing that can be obtained. If your dealer cannot supply you, write to us and we will see to it that you are supplied.

Seven Sutherland Sisters
18 Desbrosses Street, New York City.

STRIKE HAS BEEN SETTLED

Piano and Organ Men's Lockout at Chicago Is Over

Chicago, Jan. 8.—The strike and lock-out of the piano and organ workers of Chicago, which has kept 3,500 men out of employment for ten weeks, entailing a total loss in wages of \$450,000, has been settled through the medium of President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor. Within a week the factories will be thrown open again and all the men will be taken back.

Recognition of the union by compelling the manufacturers to sign union contracts, the great point upon which his fight was waged, and each employer will meet with his employees in their respective shops, and adjust all wage differences. A nice hour day and other points were conceded by the manufacturers.

SIDEWALKS ABOVE GRADE

South Main Street Property Owners are the Interested Ones.

Several South Main street property owners are at present much interested in whatever action the city intends to take in reference to establishing the grade of sidewalks along that thoroughfare between Carrington and Sharon streets. This section of Main street was recently graded and the result has been that the average walk is high above the grade of the street. The property owners claim that they have already been put to much expense and that the sidewalk question should not be touched on for the present.

"Thou changedest not—yet I am always changing," said the substitute to Rocky Mountain Tea. Made by the Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Smith's Pharmacy; kodak agents.

TWILIGHT CLUB NOT TO MEET

Session Is Postponed a Week Because of I. C. Brownell's Death

The meeting of the Twilight club, which was set for tomorrow evening, has been postponed for one week because of the death of I. C. Brownell. It will be held on Tuesday, Jan. 15.

Series of Prayer Services

Court Street M. E. church will make this a week of prayer. Beginning with the service this evening there will be meetings to Thursday evening inclusive. On Friday at 3 p. m. there will be neighborhood services of prayer conducted by the women. The service last evening was well attended. It was followed by a brief but interesting meeting of prayer and testimony, which was the first of this series of prayer services.

Having a Great Run on Chamberlain's Cough Medicine.

Manager Martin of the Pierson drug store, informs us that he is having a great run on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sells five bottles of that medicine to one of any other kind, and it gives great satisfaction. In these days of la grippe there is nothing like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to stop the cough, heal up the sore throat and lungs and give relief within a very short time. The sales are growing, and all who try it are pleased with its prompt action.—South Chicago Daily Calumet. For sale by Smith's Pharmacy, next to Postoffice. Kodak Agents.

Cafe, Observation and Parlor Cars on Queen & Crescent Route, Florida and New Orleans limited.

Sales of Seed Leaf Tobacco

Sales of Seed Leaf tobacco reported by J. S. Gans' Son, broker, No. 123 Water street, New York, for the week ending Jan. 8, 1900.

100 cases, crop of 1897, Wisconsin Havana, at 9 1/2 cents.
100 cases, crop of 1898, Wisconsin Havana, at 9 1/2 cents.
75 cases, crop of 1898, New England Havana, at 20 to 25 cents.
400 cases, crop of 1898, Zimmers, at 17 to 15 1/2 cents.
100 cases crop of 1898, Gebhardt, at 12 cents.
250 cases, crop of 1898, Pennsylvania Seed Leaf, at 10 1/2 to 12 1/2 cents.
50 cases, crop of 1898, Pennsylvania Seed Leaf, at 13 cents.
75 cases, crop of 1898, Flats, at 17 to 22 cents.
Total, 1,799 cases.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

E. B. Helmetree, Geo. E. King & Co., E. B. Helmetree, E. O. Smith & Co., People's Drug Co., H. E. Ransom & Co., Janesville, Wis.

Tour of Puerto Rico.

The American Tourist Association announces two tours of the beautiful island of Puerto Rico under escort of Mr. Walter Boyd Townsend, the well known artist and traveler, through and around the island by rail, carriage, automobile and boat.

Special Pullman Cars leave Chicago Thursday, February 15, and Thursday, March 8, at 12 noon, connecting with the splendid new steamships Ponce and San Juan, sailing from New York second day following.

Tickets include all expenses everywhere. All railway, steamer and sleeping car fares, meals and berths on steamers, meals on dining car, hotel bills in New York and Puerto Rico, all transfers, carriage rides in the cities and through the island, guides and interpreters are included in the tickets. There are no extras.

Tours are under the direction of Beau Campbell, General Manager, A. T. A., 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago. Itineraries, maps and tickets can be had on application to the agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

Free Reclining Chair Cars Cincinnati to Chattanooga, Queen & Crescent Route night traffic.

DR. KEMPTON'S TRIP THROUGH PALESTINE

First of a Series of Sunday Morning Sermons on "In the Footsteps of Jesus."

Rev. Arthur C. Kempton of the Baptist church, preached the first of his Sunday morning series on "In the Footsteps of Jesus," yesterday morning. He said in part:

The Jews gave Palestine many beautiful names, but I think "Immanuel's Land," the most appropriate of all. It was a beautiful morning, after two days upon a stormy sea, when we first saw that land which was of so much interest to us. We had read much about it, but now we saw the very land wherein our blessed Lord had lived. I cannot describe to you our feelings.

Palestine is a small country. It is only about 140 miles long and about 30 miles wide, but it is of the greatest importance to civilization of any country on earth. What great armies have crossed it! It is centrally located between Egypt and the empires of the east. It is like a great bridge for these nations. Merchants have crossed that bridge in great caravans. It is also a bridge for spiritual things. The great suspension bridge of Salvation is anchored upon the hill of Calvary.

Palestine has a greater variety of scenery than any other country of its size in the world. As we take our way from its western side to the east we can see this to be true. We first encounter the plain of Sharon. It is a fertile country about fifteen or twenty miles wide, covered with flowers. The people dress in cotton, and are employed in agricultural pursuits.

We then come to the backbone of mountains that run from north to south. Here the scenery is something like the land of Switzerland, although not on as grand a scale. Here the people dress in their sheepskin robes and are mostly shepherds.

We then come to the torrid plain of the Jordan and Dead Sea, 1,400 feet below sea level.

Palestine is naturally divided into three divisions, Judea in the south, the land of hills and stones, Samaria, the land of great plains, where the ancient armies of the earth met in battle, and Galilee, the land of fertile hills and valleys watered by its many springs and streams.

Maund—Is 5 and 30 too old to hope for improvement? I should say not. One just begins to live. Take Rocky Mountain Tea. You'll be blooming fair at 60. Smith's Pharmacy; kodak agents.

WERE MARRIED IN CHICAGO

Charles Slightam, a Former Well Known Janesville Boy, the Groom.

Charles M. Slightam, a former resident of this city, and Miss Lillian Huggill of Darlington, Wis., were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony in the city of Chicago on December 19, 1899. The bride was a teacher in the public schools at Darlington for five years. She also had charge of a millinery store in the same city and is a young lady held in the highest esteem by a large circle of friends. The groom is a young man who needs no introduction in this city. He is the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Slightam and for many years he made Janesville his home. He holds the responsible position of machinist and locomotive engineer on the Valley division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. A host of friends in this city will join in wishing the happy couple years of continued happiness and prosperity.

I want to let the people know who suffer from rheumatism and sciatica know that Chamberlain's Pain Balm relieved me after a number of other medicines and a doctor had failed. It is the best liniment I have ever known of.—J. A. Dodgen, Alpharetta, Ga. Thousands have been cured of rheumatism by this remedy. One application relieves the pain. For sale by Smith's pharmacy, next to postoffice; kodak agents.

Grand Excursion to Old Mexico

Via Chicago & North-Western Railway to leave Chicago, Tuesday, January 30, 1900, under the personal direction of Mr. J. Grafton, an experienced excursion manager. Entire trip in special train with dining car.

Tour is arranged to include Mardi Gras at New Orleans and all principal points of interest in old Mexico and ticket covers all expenses.

Only limited number can be accommodated; secure space early. For descriptive pamphlets and information, call on or write agents Chicago & North-western R'y.

The Queen and Crescent is the shortest line Cincinnati to New Orleans, Jacksonville and all points southeast.

Samoa Girls Want Husbands.

Apia seems to be pretty well supplied with some exceedingly beautiful and well-educated half-caste girls, who would make excellent wives for the right sort of young men. Many of these girls are daughters of well-to-do parents, and not a few would be able to start out nicely as far as funds and good looks were to be counted. These girls are all unwilling to marry native husbands, and there are certainly not enough foreigners to go round. Generally Samoan and half-caste girls make excellent and faithful wives, unlike the natives of Spanish-American countries, they hold their good looks for many years.

Austria Easy on Murderers.

Austria is the country most lenient to murderers. In ten years over 800 persons were found guilty of murder, of whom only twenty-three were put to death.

DANCED 61 YEARS AGO TODAY

E. G. Fifield Talks Entertainingly of a Social Gathering on Jan. 8, 1839.

Sixty-one years ago today E. G. Fifield of this city, attended a dancing party at Hebron, Wis. The invitation, which was written—printing presses being few and far between in those days—read as follows:

CELEBRATION BALL
At the house of E. F. Sawyer & Coles, Bark River. Your attendance is respectfully solicited by the committee of arrangements on the evening of the 8th of January, at 1 o'clock p. m.
Committee—E. F. SAWYER,
JAS. MURPHY,
B. N. FOSTER,
H. REYNOLDS.

"Bark River Mill" said Mr. Fifield to day, "was located at the now village of Hebron, Jefferson county. The dance occurred in the first frame building built between Beloit and Green Bay. People from Janesville, Whitewater, Jefferson and Fort Atkinson attended the party—in fact it took about all the people in these places to make up a party large enough to have a dance. The music was furnished, I think, by Pratt & Williams of Whitewater, two violinists. You notice the party began at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The reason for this was the fact that we did not have good roads in those days and the people did not travel at night. Therefore the parties began and ended in the daylight—coming to a close when it was light enough to go home."

To Cure La Grippe in 24 Hours.

No remedy equals Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup for this terrible and fatal disease. If taken thoroughly and in time, it will cure a case in 24 hours, and for the cough that follows La Grippe it never fails to give relief. Price, 25c and 50c. People's Drug Co.

TRIAL RESUMED NEXT FRIDAY

Rev. William Newton Is Suing For Salary For Preaching.

Next Friday morning the case of Rev. William Newton vs. the Advent Christian church of the town of Magnolia will be resumed. An adjournment was taken at a late hour Saturday afternoon. The action promises to be a most interesting one throughout. Many witnesses have been subpoenaed on both sides. Rev. Newton is suing for salary that he alleges is due from his congregation.

The case is before Judge Fifield in the municipal court.

It has been demonstrated repeatedly in every state in the Union and in many foreign countries that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a certain preventive and cure for croup. It has become the universal remedy for that disease. M. V. Fisher of Liberty, W. Va., only reports what has been said around the globe when he writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for several years and always with perfect success. We believe that it is not only the best cough remedy, but that it is a sure cure for croup. It has saved the lives of our children a number of times." This remedy is for sale by Smith's Pharmacy, next to postoffice, Kodak agents.

Only Tour of All Mexico

In Pullman's finest compartment, drawing room, library, observation and dining cars—all vestibuled—with the celebrated open top car "Chilliliti," longest tour ever offered—longer in Mexico, longer in City of Mexico, longer in tropics. Only tour to ruined cities. Special trains start January 23 and March 6. Tickets include all expenses everywhere. Under escort of the American Tourist Association, 1423 Marquette building, Chicago. Reau Campbell, general manager. For maps, books of the tour, tickets, etc., call on Agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Burdick Blood Bitters give a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

Group instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eucletic Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

Every family should have its household medicine chest—and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

Queen & Crescent Route, 24 hours Cincinnati to Florida, 54 hours to Havana.

A Smart Marriage Fee.

Squire Dunham of Anderson, Ind., lays claim to receiving the smallest marriage fee on record in Indiana. A couple in poor financial condition called on him to be married. The groom said he was in bad straits, but he wanted to pay something, so he gave the justice a cent, all the money he had.

South African Mounted Police.

The mounted police of Cape Colony are the high reputation of their corps. The force of picked men, used to fight and proud of it, consists of 2,000 enlisted men and sixty-eight officers.

Tonight

If your liver is out of order, causing Bilelessness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, or Constipation, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

On retiring, and tomorrow your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others; it will be yours. HOOD'S PILLS are sold by all medicine dealers. 25 cts.

BUOB'S BEER

Is extra stock—no inferior ingredients. It is the purest.

BUOB'S ALE

Is something fine. Nothing compares with their old Ale of 5 or 6 years of age.

Either furnished for family use in 2-dozen pint cases and delivered to your residence.

SOUTH SIDE BREWERY.
Telephone 141. Janesville.

Chance To Get Good Farming Lands.

I have for sale some choice farming lands in Wood county, Wis. On some of it there is timber enough to more than pay for the land. The soil is heavy clay sub-soil with clay loam surface soil. Excellent supply of good water.

Price \$8.50 and \$10 per acre, on easy terms. Will exchange land for merchandise. Apply to

W. J. CANNON,
Always in the market to buy second-hand goods, 215 W. Milwaukee St.

We Dye to Live and Live to Dye and CLEAN CLOTHING.

Silk and wool cashmere dresses dry-cleaned. Plush cloaks, velvets, silks and cashmere steamed and pressed.

Gents' clothing cleaned, colored and pressed.

Lace curtains cleaned or tinted any shade. FEATHERS RENOVATED.

CARL BROCKHAUS,
Wilcox Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

PERFECT CREAM

is always delicious; it gives a rich, wholesome flavor to your victuals and drinks. Perfect cream forms on

Ideal Aerated Jersey Milk...

Cooled and bottled in most approved manner. Bottles thoroughly cleaned, and new, clean wood pulp corks used every day.

IDEAL DAIRY.
J. F. Bemis. Order of C. A. Thompson
Phone 291.

BUY RIGHT

and your purchases of today will prove pleasures of tomorrow. You'll recognize our Groceries as the best of the kind and our prices right. Try us

JOHN A. PICKETT, GROCER.

37 South Main Street. New Phone, 375.

Seasonable Goods at Reasonable Prices...

We are just now paying special attention to cold weather garments and show a very fine line at consistent prices.

Men's very best all wool Underwear at \$1.00 each.

Men's heavy fleece lined Underwear at 50 cents each.

Men's good quality heavy blue Overalls, with or without bib, 50 cents.

Special...We have just received a job lot of good Cotton Flannel, which we will sell at 5 cents per yard.

Nice line of ladies' Flannellette Wrappers at \$1.00 to \$1.25.

E. HALL, 55 West Milwaukee street.

Lots of Cold Weather

to come and lots of Horse Blankets and Robes

at ...

SELKIRK'S.

Popular Prices.

N. Main St. Near Gazette.

Piano Tuning.

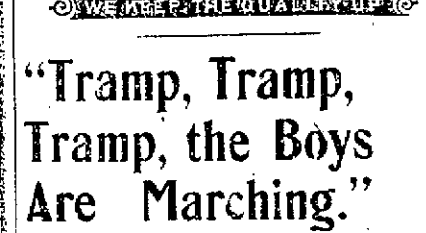
MR. W. F. HURSEY, the tuning teacher at the State School for Blind, is prepared to do a limited amount of tuning and repairing in the city. He is a first-class workman. Leave orders by telephone.

H. F. BLISS, Supt.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

THE BIG STORE 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, S. MAIN ST., JANESVILLE, WIS.

"Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys Are Marching."



While the boys go forth to war many of the women folks are making tracks for this store to take advantage of the

Great Bargains in Winter Garments.

The first comers will get some excellent jackets and Capes at PRICES that mean a big saving. All of our garments were bought with much care, we having constantly in mind GOOD styles, WORTHY materials, SUPERIOR workmanship.

Nothing Gained by Waiting.

NOW is the accepted time. NOW you can find us with a very fair assortment. DELAYS are dangerous. DON'T think such high class Capes and Jackets will last always in the face of the

Remarkable Reductions in Prices.

We have referred above particularly to garments made of Cloth and Plush. We also wish to EMPHASIZE the fact that we are also offering a BEAUTIFUL lot of

Fur Collarettes, Capes, Jackets and Storm Collars.

Strictly reliable FURS at the figures we offer them today are good things to own. A pretty COLLARETTE is one of the most CONVENIENT garments a woman or miss can possess, as it can be worn every month in the year.

Get Our Prices On Any Kind of a Winter Garment Before Investing.

The Dowager



The Dowager W.C.C. Corsets

Are proving entirely satisfactory, having made friends from the very start. They are made extra strong for

STOUT FIGURES.

Sizes 18 to 30, \$2.00.

" 31 to 36, \$2.25.

EXCHANGES FOR WOMAN'S WORK.

HOW THE FIRST ONE WAS ESTABLISHED IN NEW YORK.
THE SPREAD OF THE IDEA.

BY DAVID A. CURTIS.

It is now nearly a score of years since a benevolent impulse in the active brain of a woman took active form and resulted in an institution which has done great good to thousands of other women. The institution is called the New York Exchange for Women's Work, and while it is not connected with any of the numerous other similar exchanges that have been established in various cities all over the country it is fairly entitled to be called the forerunner of the others, and the others are practically modeled after it.

The way of its birth was this: Mrs. M. L. Choate, wife of the well known William G. Choate, happened, one day in a fancy goods store, to see a lady of refinement and culture selling some fine needlework of her own literary at starvation prices and noticed the tears that gathered in her eyes as she accepted the pittance. It occurred at once to Mrs. Choate that some plan should be devised by which women should be enabled to dispose of their work at fair prices directly to consumers without losing the middleman's margin of profit. She invited to her own house a number of other women well known for their philanthropy and with them discussed the necessity for such an enterprise and asked their aid in formulating a plan for it.

Without going into a detailed account of the various plans suggested and the arguments presented it is enough to tell what was decided upon and what has grown out of that meeting.

The first step taken was the formation of a society of which Mrs. Choate was chosen president. Among the other officers and managers are the wives of Cornelius R. Agnew, William Amory, George F. Baker, Andrew Carnegie, Frederic Coudert, Charles F. Chandler, William E. Dodge, George Hoadly, M. M. Holmes, Henry Iverson, A. D. Judd, Russell Sage, John T. Terry, Francis B. Thurber, T. M. Wheeler, J. Henry Work and others to the number of about 40.

These ladies, acting under the advice of a board of eminent lawyers and business men, incorporated themselves under the laws of the state, taking the name of the New York Exchange for Women's Work. They then adopted a set of rules under which to do a regular consignment business for the purpose of carrying out Mrs. Choate's original idea.

As a matter of course, these rules have been modified from time to time as experience dictated, but they remain substantially the same as at first. Nothing was done hastily, but the system was carefully studied beforehand, and time has only elaborated the details of the original plan.

Feeling that the field into which they were entering was too large for them to cover entirely, they resolved to limit their efforts to the disposal of the handiwork of gentlewomen whose circumstances make it necessary for them to work.

A strong disclaimer is made by the board of any motive of exclusiveness in this. The line is drawn where it is because it is absolutely necessary to draw it somewhere. Many hundreds of would be consignors apply to have their work disposed of, and if all were received there would speedily occur a large surplus of supplies over the demand which reaches this exchange.

"And what kind of work is it that is disposed of?" I asked Miss E. S. Vaill, the secretary of the exchange.

"Almost everything that women can make at home," was the comprehensive reply. "One special feature of our work is that it enables a multitude of women to maintain their homes who would without such help as we give be compelled to see those homes broken up, perhaps the family scattered. We learn to appreciate more and more all the time the importance of this point as we see ladies who come here distressed and almost heartbroken with apprehension growing happy and contented with the knowledge that they are wholly or in part self supporting."

"A curious and interesting fact illustrating this," continued Miss Vaill, "is that the demeanor of the ladies who come to us changes rapidly. It often happens when they first come, and it happened especially often when we first began, that they come in a shamefaced way, closely veiled and muffled so as to avoid recognition, and they talk almost in whispers, as if mortified at the necessity of working. But after awhile they come openly, with heads erect and faces glowing with honest pride. The educational effect of our exchange in this respect has been very valuable."

The exchange is located on Fifth avenue, where it occupies the whole of a handsome mansion which is hired at an expense of \$8,000 a year. A dozen or more ladies are hired at living salaries to attend to the different departments, such as the fancy work, the infants', the toy, the bric-a-brac and the domestic, or more properly, kitchen departments, where the thousand and one varieties of home manufactures are displayed for sale.

It is easy to see that conducting an establishment on such a scale means the expenditure of a large amount of money. This money is raised from

several different sources, and the urgent and constant need for a little more money keeps the managers active all the year around in the struggle to make both ends meet.

First the forty odd directors tax themselves \$50 or \$100 apiece each year. Next they impose an entrance fee, so to speak, on the consignors or such persons as desire to procure the privileges of the exchange for some gentleman who is in need. This fee is a mere trifle. Any person contributing \$5 yearly may name three consignors whose work will be taken on sale.

Then 10 per cent commission is charged on all sales that are made. As these average between \$40,000 and \$50,000 a year, this item of receipts is the largest. All these together, however, do not aggregate enough to pay expenses, and the exchange is therefore dependent upon the liberality of its friends to make up deficits.

A visit to the exchange commonly results in the astonishment of the visitor. As I said, the consignors are all ladies of culture who have been reduced in circumstances. This class in the community is larger than most people suppose or can easily realize, excepting by remembering that over 90 per cent of American business men fail.

These ladies commonly excel in some one thing, and the advice of the managers to them is always to do that particular thing, whether it be painting or ivory, embroidering in velvet or



cooking crullers. So it comes about that whatever is on sale is probably the very best of its kind, being produced by some lady who learned to make it either as an accomplishment or for amusement.

The bewildering variety of objects displayed can be imagined when it is remembered that there are several hundreds of the consignors. The report for one year, for instance, showed that in a total of \$51,000 sales over \$10,000 was received for cake and nearly \$2,500 for preserves. Decorated china, fancy screens, children's wrappers, chicken jelly and lace lamp shades are some of the numerous items in the catalogue.

In addition to the primary work that was undertaken of enabling women to reach their customers, the managers have undertaken several branches of what may be called auxiliary effort. For example, they have started dress-making classes for society girls and have succeeded in securing nearly 50 pupils among the wealthy and educated young women of the metropolis. Of course these pupils pay for their tuition and so help to support the exchange. At the same time they are providing for their own support in case they should ever have to earn their living.

There are other classes in stenography, in millinery, in Delsarte, in Venetian embroidery and in cooking, and there is also a "shopping bureau," which is well patronized and affords a living to more than one employee. Besides this, a school for general culture has been opened in the country, of which a separate chapter could easily be written.

The effects of this beneficent movement—for the ladies term it beneficence rather than charity, as it is not giving so much as guiding that they do—are widespread and great. Beginning in a modest way in a comparatively small house in Twentieth street, the exchange sold the first year only about \$2,000 worth of goods. Now, as said, the sales are about \$50,000 yearly, and the association has paid more than half a million dollars to its beneficiaries. More than that, there have been similar exchanges to the number of 60 established in very many of the principal cities of the country.

There is no reason why one should not be established in every large community under rules fashioned according to the necessities of the place, and certainly there seems to have been no plan devised by which more intelligent help can be given to people who deserve help and need it more sorely than almost any other class. Partial reports from the 60 societies tell that they have paid to gentlewomen over \$1,500,000.

DR. EDWARD M'GLYNN IS DEAD.

Famous Priest Passes Away at Newburg, N. Y., Jan. 8.—The Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn died at 5:23 Sunday afternoon at the rectory of St. Mary's church, 180 South street, of which he had been rector during the last five years. His death, according to Dr. Charles E. Townsend, his attending physician, was caused by heart failure superinduced by Bright's disease.

Funeral services will probably be held at St. Mary's church on Wednesday forenoon, and at the Church of the Holy Cross, New York, on Thursday morning. The interment will be in Calvary cemetery on Long Island.

Few more picturesque figures than the Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn have been known to recent church history in this country. His hold upon the affections of the masses was remarkable. His tireless energy, his active brain and keen intellect made him a power outside as well as within the church. His career as a priest was always sensational. At one time he seemed to be under the ban of Rome, but ultimately he was restored to favor, and during the last five years of his life performed the functions of his office.

The father and mother of Dr. McGlynn came to New York in 1824 from County Donegal, Ireland. In 1827 Edward McGlynn was born in a house in Third street, between Second and Third avenues. He was one of eleven sons and daughters, and of the entire family only one, Dr. McGlynn's brother, in California, is now living. The father, who was a thrifty contractor, died in 1847, leaving a considerable fortune.

Dr. McGlynn completed his studies for the priesthood at Rome, and in 1860 was ordained. Returning to New York he was given the rectorship of St. Stephen's church.

Dr. McGlynn early developed a line of independent thought which was destined to make him trouble within the church for the upbuilding of which he incessantly labored. He was seldom in full sympathy with the teachings of the authorities of the church regarding questions of public policy. His opposition to the parochial school system was a striking illustration of his independence. He never hesitated to declare his belief that Catholic children should be educated in the public schools. He also decried it his duty, as well as privilege, to engage in politics.

Dr. McGlynn's participation in the municipal campaign in this city in 1896, when he expressed his sympathy with the single tax teachings of Henry George, was regarded by the Vatican as "pernicious activity." Archbishop Corrigan admonished him that his course did not meet the approval of his ecclesiastical superiors, but Dr. McGlynn nevertheless remained an active worker in the cause until election day. After that he was summoned to Rome, but refused to obey the papal summons. To him was granted forty days in which to comply with the order and defend himself before the Vatican. In July, 1897, he was excommunicated, being notified of the action by Archbishop Corrigan.

For six years Dr. McGlynn remained without the church, and during that time his conduct was such as to inspire the greatest admiration. At no time did he rail at his fate or denounce those who had brought disgrace upon him. He continued his work of charity among the poor, and never forsook his position of independence. In 1898 the ban of excommunication was lifted from his shoulders, but it was more than another year before he received another church. On Christmas day, 1894, he celebrated mass for the first time since his excommunication, and on the following New Year took charge of the parish of St. Mary's, in Newburg, where he had 2,000 souls under his charge. After this his life was uneventful, though filled with the hardest and most useful work.

Street Car Is Wrecked.
Detroit, Mich., Jan. 8.—A car on the Mount Clemens fast line electric railway, while out-bound from Detroit within five miles of Mount Clemens, ran into an open switch and six persons were injured. Supt. Brooks of the railway says that the derailling was evidently the work of some one bearing malicious intent, as the switch was closed fifteen minutes before the accident.

Would Strike England.
Albany, N. Y., Jan. 8.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians of Albany county, in convention here, adopted resolutions offering their heartfelt congratulations to the Boers for the gallant fight which they are making "for the protection of their lives and liberty," and promising aid in case their national officers should see fit to order a call to strike a blow at England.

Lipton Will Defer Action.
London, Jan. 8.—Sir Thomas Lipton, it is understood, will defer action regarding another challenge for the America's cup until the Distant Shore and another yacht now in course of construction according to designs by Watson have been completed for C. D. Rhodes.

Rumor That Ameer Is Dead.
Moscow, Jan. 8.—A rumor is circulating in St. Petersburg, traced to official sources, that Abdurrahman Kahn, ameer of Afghanistan, is dead. It is feared that disturbances in Kabul will follow if the ameer is in fact dead.

Fishery Deadlock Continues.
St. John's, N. F., Jan. 8.—Information from official quarters indicates the deadlock respecting the French shore modus vivendi is still unbroken.

COUNT PEOPLE BY MACHINERY

Facts About Each Person Will Be Tabulated for the Census by Electricity.

Our first census, made in 1790, showed the population of the United States to be 3,000,000, and the count cost Uncle Sam, who was comparatively poor then, 1 cent for each person. It is estimated that the twelfth census, to be made in June, 1900, will show that our people number 75,000,000, and that the item of clerk hire in the census bureau alone will exceed \$5,000,000. Clifford Howard, writing of "How the Next Census Will Be Taken," in the Ladies' Home Journal, says that "although the work of enumeration will be completed by the 1st of July, it will probably be two or even three months later before the last of the schedules are received at the census office; for not only must they all be first examined by the supervisors, but in many cases they will probably require revision because of some error or informality. The actual counting of the people will not be done until the schedules are turned into the census office. The enumerators simply gather the facts, and the office force in Washington does the counting and the compiling, which is done by electricity. In 100 days all the facts relating to 75,000,000 people will be tabulated."

Chicago Board of Trade.
Chicago, Jan. 6.—The following table shows the range of quotations on the board of trade today:

Articles.	High.	Low.	Jan. 6 Jan 5.
Wheat—			
Jan ...	65 1/4	65 1/4	65 1/4 65 1/4
May ...	69	68 3/4	68 3/4 68 3/4
July ...	69 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2 68 1/2
Corn—			
Jan ...	30 3/4	30 1/4	30 1/4 30 1/4
May ...	33	32 1/2	32 1/2 32 1/2
July ...	33 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2 32 1/2
Oats—			
May ...	23 1/2	23 1/4	23 1/4 23 1/4
Pork—			
Jan ...	10.85	10.70	10.85 10.77 1/2
May ...	10.85	10.70	10.85 10.77 1/2
Lard—			
Jan ...	5.50	5.50	5.50 5.50
May ...	5.95	5.87 1/2	5.92 1/2 5.95
Short ribs—			
Jan ...	5.62 1/2	5.60	5.60 5.62 1/2
May ...	5.75	5.67 1/2	5.72 1/2 5.72 1/2

Novel Scheme for Libraries.

Patrons of every public library realize the difficulty of obtaining the popular books of the day. It is impossible to meet the demand, even with a large increase in the number of copies purchased. A device, originating in the St. Louis library, and being copied in some other city libraries, is to put such books on a special list and to charge a fee of 5 cents a week for them.

The Czars's China.

The czar of Russia probably owns a greater quantity of china than any person in the world. He has the china belonging to all the Russian rulers as far back as Catherine the Great. It is stored in an immense closet in the winter palace at St. Petersburg.

Cooperage Plant in Ruins.

Wabash, Ind., Jan. 8.—The most destructive fire in the history of Roann broke out at 5 o'clock Sunday morning, and the big stove, hoop and heading plant of the Roann Cooperage company was destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$25,000, and there is \$12,000 insurance. Nearly 100 men are thrown out of employment.

Hibernians Issue an Address.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The national officers of the Ancient Order of Hibernians met in this city Sunday and issued a statement to the public in which it is admitted that the order sympathizes with the Boers, but will do nothing in violation of the laws of the United States.

Editor Takes His Life.

Logansport, Ind., Jan. 8.—J. E. Sutton, editor and proprietor of the Logansport Daily Reporter, committed suicide Saturday night in St. Paul by shooting himself in the head. Despondency is thought to have been the cause for his act.

MENU FOR TUESDAY.

From a pure source pure water comes.—Anon.

BREAKFAST.
Oranges.
Crisp Bacon, Cream.
Poached Eggs on Toast.
Coffee.

DINNER.
Oyster Soup.
Fish Salad, Roast of Veal.
Boiled Rice, Salad of Lettuce.
Chocolate Pudding.
Coffee.

FISH SALAD.—After cleaning well the fish most convenient for the salad put it in a sauce previously prepared, water in which herbs have been boiled. Let fish cook until tender, then lift out and drain and dress carefully on a cold plate with cream or parsley, then pour over it a vinaigrette sauce or mayonnaise. Use this recipe for salmon, or sturgeon, cod, halibut and pike or salmon trout when you are fortunate enough to get it.

CRANBERRY JELLY.—Stew four quartes cranberries in a porcelain kettle with water enough to float them till they are thoroughly soft and broken, rub them through a coarse sieve, allow to each pint of the cranberry mixture resulting one pound of sugar, put the fruit on the fire till it boils hard, add in the sugar, and as soon as it jellies, which will be in a few minutes, remove from the fire and pour into molds.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O! the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. It is a food and drink without injury as well as the adult. All you try it, like it. GRAIN-O! has that rich and brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grain, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. At the price of 10c, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

ADDS HIS EVIDENCE.

Story is the Same as From Other Sources.

Lots of Money Spent But No Returns Have Been Received.

The people in Janesville willingly add their evidence to that which has already been given in favor of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids, the best remedy that has ever been sold in this city for backache, kidney and urinary disorders, sleeplessness and nervousness. Our druggists report wonderful cures and state that Kid-ne-oids are daily increasing in the opinion of our people. Kid-ne-oids act directly upon the kidneys and nerves and restore them to their natural condition. Good kidneys make good blood, good blood makes strong nerves. Kid-ne-oids make good kidneys and strong nerves.

Mr. C. B. Conrad, wholesale dealer in leaf tobacco, 30 South Main street, says: "For some time past, as a result of disordered kidneys and uric acid poisoning, I suffered from pain across the small of my back, rheumatism and spells of nervousness. Morrow's Kid-ne-oids soon conquered the backache and rheumatism and quieted and strengthened my nerves. I will advise all who suffer from kidney complaint to use Kid-ne-oids."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but yellow tablets, and sell at fifty cents a box by all druggists and by The People's Drug Co., Manufacturers by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

Avoid drying inhalants, use that which cleanses, and heals the membrane.

ELY'S Cream Balm is such a remedy, cures CATARRH.

Contains no mercury, nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Regular size, 50 cents; Family Size, \$1.00. Druggists or by mail, ELY BROS. & CO., 56 Warren Street, New York.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore VITALITY, LOST VIGOR AND MANHOOD.

Cure wasting diseases, all effects of abuse, or excess and indigestion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth.

By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address, NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL. Sold by H. E. Ransom & Co., Janesville.

The most delicate fingers find no hardship in operating the

Ball Bearing Densmore

The most exacting requirements develop no weakness in its use. The lightness of its touch is proverbial. The only machine fitted with Ball-Bearing typebars.

UNITED TYPEWRITER & SUPPLIES CO.,
414 Broadway, Milwaukee, Wis.

Fur Orders

We will be ready for orders for fur garments, etc., after the 18th or 20th of this month.

Old Furs Made Over

and fixed into collarettes, etc.

L. S. Hillabrandt
5 Court Street.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

The colored regulars of the Philippines appear to be as quick at repartee as they are to obey orders. A black sergeant who was hailed by a breezy western volunteer, "Well, nig, what are you going to do here?" replied, "We're going to take up the white man's burden, I suppose," and the conversation drifted into other channels.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O! the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. It is a food and drink without injury as well as the adult. All you try it, like it. GRAIN-O! has that rich and brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grain, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. At the price of 10c, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

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LAMB CHOPS,

veal chops, mutton chops, sirloin, porterhouse or any kind of beef steaks, or roasts cut from our luscious, tender and juicy stock of prime meats, fresh and tempting, and you will always find us prompt and obliging in serving and delivering your orders.

WM KAMMER.
Phone 219. Cor. Center & Western Ave.

Soft Finish Goods

Are the most popular this season for dressy men. We have an elegant assortment of patterns. Each is an exclusive pattern—no two alike.

We Want to Call Your Attention

To the fact that we use only the very best of trimmings in all our work.

Our prices are:

Overcoats from \$20 up.

Suits from \$20 up.

Pants from \$5 up.

Every garment is strictly Union made and satisfaction positively guaranteed.

JNO. M. KNEFF, THE TAILOR
Carpenter Block, over Archie Reid & Co.'s.

GIVEN FREE!

Eugene Field's Poems, A \$7.00 Book.

To each person interested in subscribing to the Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund. Subscribers as low as \$1.00 will entitle them to this dainty artistic volume "Field Flowers."

(cloth bound, 8 x 11), as a certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representative works and is ready for delivery.

But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than \$7.00.

The fund created is divided equally between the family of the late Eugene Field and the fund for the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved son of the Court House.

EUGENE FIELD MONUMENT SOUVENIR FUND.
180 Montrose St., Chicago.
(Also at bookstores.)

If you also wish to send postage, enclose 10c.

Mention this Journal.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—State of Wisconsin—County Court for Rock County—in Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the County Court to be held in and for said county, at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of September, A. D. 1900, being September 4th, 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjudicated:

All claims against Mirna Pfennig, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased. All such claims must be presented for allowance to said Court in the Court House, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 8th day of July, A. D. 1900, or they will be barred.

Dated the 8th day of January, 1900.

By the Court,
J. W. SALE, County Judge.

mojan844w

STATE OF WISCONSIN—County Court for Rock County—in Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the County Court to be held in and for said county at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the third Tuesday, being the 26th day of January, 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Alice Moon for the adjustment and allowance of her final account as administratrix of the estate of Olevia H. Moon, late of the town of Spring Valley, in said county, deceased, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to such other persons as by law are entitled thereto.

Dated December 10, 1899.

By the Court,
J. W. SALE, County Judge.

mondct85w

CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY—Mary E. Schneider, plaintiff; vs. Louis Schneider, defendant.

The State of Wisconsin to the said defendant. You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the Court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

Dated December 10, 1899.

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wis., as second-class matter.

Eastern Office, Room 830 Park Row, N. Y. City.
New York City, H. B. GREENING, Representative.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
Daily edition, one year, \$3.00
Half of a year, per month, .50
Weekly edition, one year, 1.50

TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE:
The Gazette receives the full daily telegraphic report of the Scripps-McRae Press Association.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 77
Business Office, 77-78
Editorial Office, 77-78

Wisconsin Weather Forecast
Increasing cloudiness, probably showers tonight and Tuesday.

PRAISES GEN. OTIS.

The Milwaukee Journal publishes an interesting letter from Lieut. John J. Foley of the Thirtieth regiment, now out on the advance after Aguinaldo. Mr. Foley, failing to get a commission at first, enlisted as a private in the Thirtieth regiment and was later commissioned in the Thirtieth. His letter was written from Cabanatuan, Luzon, and refers to General Otis as follows:

"We have just started after 'Aggie' and from the looks of things we have him in our corner, but you can never tell; he is pretty foxy and is apt to slip out of a very small corner; but from the way the campaign is being pushed by General Otis it won't take long. The latter man is a very much abused man in the United States and you only have to be here a short time to find it out. He has the hardest job on his hands that was ever cut out for any general. This is the toughest country that troops ever fought in. The roads are small, muddy, wet, and the undergrowth is something awful. The rivers are awful hard to ford; the bottoms are muddy and the current very fast. It would take just about ten minutes' walk for some of those sidewalk generals to be convinced that they ought to look for a job instead of making the spread-eagle speeches as to how they would finish 'Aggie' and end the war in the Philippines, which they think we have no right to. They forget that we have lost some lives here, and for them alone this place must and will be subdued."

Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin: It's ded ezy to see whi thos Chicago University speling reform fellos hav kum out. It's a grand bluf, and reminds won ov the stori of the French kwene hoo intredewced the fashun ov bustles, to konsole the fakt that she waz deformed. Like a grate menni others of the produks of modern higher edukashun they can't spel rite. Thare skeme iz to get everyboddi els to spel rong, az thay do, so that thare blemish wil eskape observashun. This iz spid in the Chicago stile. It is not bewtiful, nor doz it seem good, in komparison with the stile of speling that haz dewloped by evolushun and embalsms the histori of words. Besides, it is harder to spel this way than to spel the way the world is used to. If peple are obliged to learn to spel, why shud not the labor be put upon thozs who don't know how, insted of upon thozs who do?

Kansas City Star—"Corbett is my friend and benefactor," says Mr. Jeffries. "I was once his sparring partner and he treated me as a gentleman. Hence I have gladly agreed to fight him as a return for favors. I am bound by all the ties of friendship and gratitude to give him a chance to fight me." Was there ever such a touching instance of devotion? Mr. Jeffries will reward his old patron and benefactor by beating him into pulp and knocking his head off. One can fancy him saying, as he puts his terrible right into his friend's ribs, "Dear old Jim."

But why single out this particular case? Are not such things done every day?

The hiring of one thousand policemen will not prevent crime. Stationing one thousand policemen in the Town of Harmony will not give the city of Janesville protection, either. One man, stationed at headquarters, so that he can be readily found when he is needed, is worth a regiment of officers who cannot be found until after the lawbreaker has escaped.

Chicago Journal—"No woman can afford to use her smelling bottle more than twenty-nine times in an evening unless she wants to look like a thirty-cent piece."

We have been expecting something of this kind ever since the drainage canal was first opened, but were not exactly clear on the point of what the substitute would be.

The police organ is working hard but making no progress. Everybody just laughs and says, "How foolish!"—Recorder.

To be sure. Everyone favors a change, and the arguments offered by the police organ in favor of the present system naturally cause people to make such remarks.

Ex-Gov. Hogg says that "the cause of free silver is grounded in the affections of the masses." Correct—grounded so deeply that the ex-governor will not be able to root it up.

Speaker Stiff of the Montana legislature has been brought back to life, so to speak, by the investigation of the case of Senator Clark at Washington.

The Recorder is not alone in its opposition to a change in the police department. There is the Whitelight club, for instance.

Hunting for a policeman, dear inquirer, will not, as you feared, render

you liable to prosecution under the game law. The open season for the pursuit of policemen is necessarily perpetual.

Chicago's grief in failing to get her Armstrong is somewhat assuaged by the reflection that she still has her "strong-arm" outfit.

Cattle were quoted on the Chicago market, Saturday at from \$2.50 to \$7.00 while hogs were worth from \$4.05 to \$4.52.

Perhaps someone stole the whistle off of the yachts in order to get something with which to call a policeman.

"Talk," says an exchange, "is cheap, but it takes money to pay taxes." Who told you so? The city treasurer?

Constant Reader—"The Boer word 'laager' means 'a camp.' This is not 'Milwaukee Dutch,' however.

The Boers call their liquor "dop"—no letter "e" being used.

ONE'S OWN MANICURE.

Hints in a Delicate and Necessary Art of the Toilet.

An ill kept nail is a most unlovely object. It never looks quite clean, it is rough to the touch, catches in everything and often has the flesh growing quite up over the sides. There is a dullness about the look of the nail itself. It lacks polish and is much more apt to get scratched and show any marks that there may be upon it. The nails should have as much care bestowed upon them as the hands themselves. To keep them in good condition you should first pay a visit to a manicurist and have them put into proper order and make other visits at intervals frequent enough to keep them in good condition. But where a manicurist's service are not desired any one can keep the nails in perfect order by following a few simple directions.

You must first be careful that your hands are always washed in warm soft water. Rainwater that has been first well filtered and then boiled is excellent. Use a good, pure, scentless soap that suits your skin, and after making a thick lather of this with the water soak the ends of the fingers in it for some few minutes. Then take an ivory or wood implement (one made of orange wood is the best to use) and gently press back the hard skin that grows at the bottom of the nail. This grows very quickly and unless kept back in its place will soon cover up the half moon that we see on the nail, and that is one of its chief beauties. The skin should never be pressed back unless it has first been well soaked in hot water and soap, as otherwise it will get broken and torn and look not only very ugly, but it will take weeks before it gets into proper condition again. Push the skin back so that it follows the curve of the nail. Then, while the hand is still soft and warm, cut the finger nails at the end to the length that you care to keep them at. This should be done with a pair of very sharp nail scissors or a tiny knife. The nail should be cut quite smooth and even, and any feeling of roughness can be smoothed away with a file kept for the purpose or a tiny emery board.

Your brushes should be stiff ones of various sizes and shapes, so as to get all dirt out from below the nail. If there is any dirt under the nail that the brush does not remove, use a sharp pointed ivory cleaner that is very fine and thin.

As soon as your hands are dry rub over the nails a specially prepared powder. The following recipe will be found to be a very useful one: Tragacanth powder, six grains; putty powder, four ounces, colored with a little rouge. Then take a nail polisher that is covered with emery leather and polish the nails till all the powder has entirely disappeared. You will then have a high, clear, polished look on the nails. Then rub the hands well with a clean towel, so as to remove any powder that might be remaining behind, and your nails are finished for the day.

Keep a fresh lemon always on your washstand and always plunge the ends of the fingers into it when your hands are still damp with washing. This will quite prevent the formation of aignails that some fingers seem so very much inclined to have.

Home Decoration in Winter.

Artistic rooms are not those with surfaces of fiery red, yet in winter a touch of this strong color where it will not kill other tints or be inharmonious with them will give an atmosphere of warmth and good cheer which without it is lacking. There are numberless shades and tints from which to select. In the dais of a portiere, in a sofa cushion, in blossoming plants, let a small portion of red serve to focus the light and give it a species of visual exhilaration.

Red, since it is the lowest and strongest vibration of any color of the spectrum, must be by refined people cautiously used, yet it is, properly introduced, extremely valuable. As Emerson says of "the red cloaked clown," it "sings to the eye." The song is of sensuous warmth, of glowing sunshine, of spice and air and luxuriance, all of which in winter are welcome suggestions, says Good Housekeeping.

Ancient Astronomy.

When Nineveh and Babylon were in the splendor of their might men in China were predicting eclipses, making catalogues and giving names to the stars. But Nineveh and Babylon were mere mounds of rubbish when China was great, and to this date the civilization and life of the empire is the wonder of the world.

BRUTAL LANCERS.

Gave No Quarter to the Boers at the Battle of Elandslaagte.

War is not a pretty game, even when played by a nation that is credited with being highly civilized. The reports of the butchery of Boers at Elandslaagte by the Fifth lancers prove the truth of this. Had these reports come only from the Boers most people on this side of the water would have refused to accept them, but when the admission comes from English sources there is nothing left but to believe.

It appears to be an established fact that at the battle of Elandslaagte Boers who had thrown away their arms were brutally speared by the lancers even while in the very act of begging for mercy. It is charged on the statement of one of the lancers in



THE "PIG STICKING" AT ELANDSLAAGTE.
[From London Graphic.]

question that this was done at the orders of the officers, who gave out word before the charge that no quarter was to be given.

The London Times, whose word can hardly be disputed, has given an amount of authenticity to the reports which may not be gainsaid. The statement of an army officer writing home was thus printed in The Times:

"After the enemy were driven out one of our squadrons pursued and got right in among them in the twilight, and most excellent pig sticking ensued for about ten minutes, the bag being about 60."

"One of our men stuck his lance through two, killing both at one thrust. Had it not been getting dark we should have killed many more."

This barbaric scene was recently depicted in the London Graphic by a war artist at the front. The picture was printed not as a criticism of English war methods, but as a brilliant achievement.

The cleverness of the British lancers and particularly of the troopers making up the Fifth lancers is undeniable. They are masters of their weapons. In a hand to hand fight the extreme length of the lance pikes removes them from the reach of sabers or bayonets, even though the enemy is charged while in possession of its arms. The twisting of the sharp spear blade after it enters the body of the victim and the rough sawing motion as it rips through, resulting from the great speed of the lancers' mounts during one of the lance charges, are characterized as fabulous in the extreme.

Until England explains the Elandslaagte horror it would seem to be in bad taste for her to accuse the Boers of firing on Red Cross stretcher bearers and white flags.

NEW CONSUL AT CAIRO.

Judge Long Goes From Florida To Egypt.

The newly appointed consul general of the United States to Cairo, John G. Long of St. Augustine, Fla., has the distinction of holding the most important office of the kind ever given to a resident of the Peninsular State.

Judge Long was born in Wilmington, N. C., in 1846. He has never held a federal appointment, though to him



JOHN G. LONG.

is ascribed a large share of the credit due for the organization of the Republican party in Florida. He has been prominent in national politics since 1884, and he had the confidence and high regard of James G. Blaine, but never sought federal honors, and even this appointment came to him unsolicited.

He has been judge of the circuit court of Florida and has been mayor of St. Augustine for several terms. The appointment is a compliment to his abilities and integrity.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

FRESH dairy butter received daily by Dedrick Bros'.

THREE lines three times, 25 cents in our want column.

LITERS in size, little in price, but large in returns—our want ads.

TWENTY-FIVE cents for a three line want, three times is at the bottom notch.

If you want to have your wants supplied, try our want ads and be satisfied.

Miss Mae Valentine leaves tomorrow for Kaukaue, Ill., where she will officiate as maid of honor at a wedding.

Mrs. Fred R. Jones is entertaining Mrs. William Mills of Paterson, New Jersey.

WINTER AND HEALTH.

Value of Cold as Tonic to Repair the Injuries of Summer.

Many persons regard the winter season as an unfortunate visitation. It is considered both uncomfortable to the body and harmful to health. This is an error. Cold is a most potent agent for the restoration and preservation of normal activity on the part of the organs of the human body. It is a wise plan of Providence which gives us a change of seasons. The winter cold comes as a tonic to repair the injuries done by the enervating heat of summer.

Summer, it is true, has many wise uses in the matter of health. It induces outdoor life, rids the system of poisons through copious perspiration, and through the scorching rays of the sun destroys germ life. Winter is the greater bracer of the system. It stimulates activity in every organ. When cold attacks the surface of the body, the blood is set into more free circulation as a means of bodily warmth. It is through the circulation of the blood that the human anatomy is kept in a state of repair.

When the food has been digested and converted into liquid form, it is taken up by the blood and carried the rounds of the system for the purpose of repairing the waste places. When the cold causes increased circulation, it also brings about more perfect nutrition. Through the excessive demand for nutrient matter which quickened circulation causes there is improved digestion. The entire repair machinery is stimulated to renewed industry. The wintry air, as is well known, brings with it a sense of renewed strength and vitality.

The restorative power of cold is well illustrated in the case of the dash of cold water in the face of a fainting person. When a person is in a faint there is a practical suspense of life for the time, yet an application of cold water to the face promptly restores circulation and renews life. This same fact is illustrated by the cold face bath on rising from bed in the morning. The Indians who, if not now, in former days roamed our western borders, practically without clothing to shelter their bodies, became, through long exposure, so inured to the cold that it gave them but little discomfort.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Norway Wishes Independence. The Norwegians have taken another step forward to entire independence of Sweden. The popular party has just drawn up its program, and its essential point is "independence," to be brought about by means of a separate Norwegian ministry for foreign affairs, and a separate Norwegian consular system. This leaves the king, the only bond of union between the two states, and will be strenuously resisted by him, on the reasonable ground that it may compel him to sanction two directly opposed lines of policy. If England and Russia, for example, were at war, the king as a Swede might be an ally of Great Britain, and as a Norwegian her enemy. The probability, therefore, is that he will continuously veto the bill ordering the separation, and will at last be confronted with the declaration that Norway is a republic.

Toy Watch Swallowed. A toy watch, about the size of a quarter, swallowed by Alma Todd, 3 years old, of 225 North Asand avenue, was located in the pit of her stomach by means of X rays. The watch would have caused death ultimately. The little girl is in a precarious condition and a surgical operation will be necessary to remove the timepiece. The little girl swallowed the watch while playing in the parlor of her home. She held it dangling from a chain, then placed it in her mouth. In some way the fastening became loosened and she started coughing, forcing it down her throat.—Chicago Chronicle.

WANTED—A thoroughly capable pushing man to obtain orders from doctors; established trade, work permanent, good pay. P. O. Box 1552, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Wire drawers and bar wire fence makers, steady employment. Apply Merchant Wire and Nail Co., Granite City, Ill.

Do you want to know your future? Are you interested in Palmistry? If so, send a recent stamp your name and address, to Prof. Harris, Palmist, Oshkosh, Wis., and receive an illustrated booklet free.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. 500 positions with \$60 monthly waiting our graduates. New field, can earn tuition, two months complete. All information with handsome 100 souvenir mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

TO RENT—The Highland House, best location in southern Wisconsin, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted throughout, 25 rooms, sewerage to the river. Call or address Angelo J. Kilduff, 311 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Rock Co., Wis.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, good wages. Apply at 358 Court St.

FOR SALE—Horse, harness and buggy cheap. Also four teams to rent on ground floor. E. N. Fredericks, 37 S. Main St.

FOR RENT—Columbia hall. F. L. Stevens P. O. block.

A Splendid Drive!

We were able to purchase a fine lot of Men's Box Calf and Russia Calf Shoes in the new swing lasts, heavy double extension soles, at far below the regular wholesale price. This is without doubt as nice a lot of Shoes as has ever been brought to Janesville—Shoes that were built to retail at \$3.50 a pair—not a cent less. We are going to start them

Tomorrow at \$2.50 a pair.

Come and see for yourself the splendid bargain we are offering.

WE ALSO ARE OFFERING some special bargains during the hottest January Clearing Sale ever held—Shoes that we never dreamed of before would ever be sold at the sacrificing prices we are making on them. A few of the many are:

Men's & Women's Box Calf, both in tan & black, regular \$2.50 & \$3 Shoes, at \$1.98
Women's genuine Vici Kid, a regular \$2.00 Shoe \$1.49
Men's Box Calf and Wax Calf, at \$2.00
Boys' splendid School Shoes, \$1.00 and \$1.25

WE ARE TO SAVE YOU MONEY.
A WORD about those old Shoes—A dandy Repair Shop going all the time
GOOD WORK AT LOWEST PRICES.

AMOS REHBERG & CO.
FREE SHINES.

DEATH'S CALL CAME TO I. C. BROWNELL

WELL KNOWN MERCHANT IS
SUMMONED HOME.

Suffered a Stroke of Apoplexy Last
Evening, and Passed Away Early
This Morning—Was in His Usual
Health Yesterday—Other, Work of
Death Angel.

Isaac C. Brownell, one of Janesville's
pioneer business men and best known
citizens, died of a stroke of apoplexy at
his Forest Park home at 6 o'clock this
morning, aged fifty-five years.

Mr. Brownell had been enjoying his
usual health up to 9 o'clock last evening.
Yesterday he took a long walk with
Stanley B. Smith and appeared to be in
the best of health and spirits.

After he had retired, however, he com-
plained of pain in his head and got up.
He started to walk around the room,
holding his hands to his temples but
retained and fell upon the bed.

Almost immediately he became uncon-
scious and Dr. Q. O. Sutherland, the
family physician, was sent for. When
the doctor arrived he announced that
Mr. Brownell's illness was apoplexy.
The sufferer did not regain conscious-
ness and died at six o'clock.

The announcement of Mr. Brownell's
death was a painful surprise to Janes-
ville people. No man in the Bower City
was better or more favorably known, and
his demise will be generally mourned.

Isaac C. Brownell was born in Hart-
wick, Otsego county, New York state,
fifty-five years ago. He came to Janes-
ville in 1868.

He was married to Miss Martha Mat-
teson at South Hartwick, New York
state. Their union has been blessed by
two sons, George Brownell and Leo
M. Brownell, both of this city, and one
daughter, Mrs. Chester L. Brewer of
Albion, Mich.

For many years he had been engaged in
the grocery business, but was also
extensively interested in other enterprises.
He was director and president of the
Citizens Mutual Fire Insurance com-
pany as well as being interested in the
Forest Park Improvement company. He
was a director in the Bower City bank
and vice president and director of the
Rock County Telephone company. He
was also otherwise identified with the
city's material advancement.

Mr. Brownell had served in the com-
mon council, and had always taken more
or less interest in republican politics.

He was a member of the Masonic
order, and also of the Odd Fellows.

The funeral will be held Wednesday
afternoon at 2 o'clock. The Knights
Templar will be in charge, and Rev. C.
F. Elliott, formerly of this city, but now
of Hillsdale, Ill., will conduct the ser-
vices.

Mrs. Matilda Shurtleff

Mrs. Matilda Shurtleff, mother of
George A. Shurtleff of this city, died
yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the
Lodi, Wis., home of her daughter. Mrs.
Shurtleff was ninety-one years of age,
the cause of her death being the infir-
mities of old age. One son and two
daughters are left to mourn the loss of a
loving mother. The remains will be
interred at West Point.

Mrs. R. W. Rumrill

Mrs. R. W. Rumrill died yesterday
morning at nine o'clock at her home 51
Cherry street. Funeral services were
held this afternoon at two o'clock from
the Linn street home of her son, George
H. Rumrill. Rev. R. C. Denison of the
Congregational church officiated and
the interment was in Oak Hill ceme-
tery.

WITHIN EASY REACH

The Gazette Want Ads at Popular
Prices.

To give more people an opportunity
of testing the business qualities of The
Gazette want ads, the price has been
made popular; 3 lines for three
days, 25c. This department has been
liberally patronized, but more people
should know of its virtues. A small
ad will save time, worry, money, and
will secure the information you desire
quickly. If you want a girl, have lost
anything, or found some article, if you
wish to buy or sell, or rent, or borrow,
or lend, or secure a situation; in fact, if
there is any possible information you
could wish, The Gazette want columns
will secure it for you. For 25c you
come in direct contact with a large per-
centage of the public three times.

COMMON COUNCIL TONIGHT

Rev. A. C. Kempton Petition May Be
Brought Up By Committee

Members of the common council will
meet in regular monthly session this
evening if there is a quorum present.
Outside of the regular monthly reports
there is no special business to come be-
fore the council unless the police com-
mittee report on the Rev. Kempton
petition. It is said that such a report
will be made. The report of the munic-
ipal court for the month of December
will be made.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN TOWN

SECOND hand stoves bought and sold
for cash. Lanphier.

Our teas are a recognized standard of
purity. Try it and be convinced. Bates
Cash Tea Company.

At the Y. M. C. A. band supper there
will be a great variety of good things
besides chicken pie. Remember the
date, Wednesday of this week at 5:30
p. m.

WANTED—To find someone who knows
a better flour than "Madell's Best."
We say it is the finest you ever used.
Price 95 cents per sack; Superlative, 90
cents per sack. Grubb Produce Co.

MENU FOR TUESDAY.

And read again, and still find something
new,
Something to please and something to in-
struct.

BREAKFAST.
Oranges.
Minced Mutton.
Tennessee Potatoes.
Fried Apples. Prunes a la Dufour.
Rice Cakes. Coffee.

DINNER.
Cream of Barley.
Tomato Pickle. Celery.
Crockets of Turkey. Tomato Sauce.
Crowned Cabbage. Potatoes.
Orange Jelly.
Whipped Cream. Coffee. Almonds.

CRUSTS OF SARDINES.—Make croutons
of toast by frying them in oil, then prepare
the sardines, place them on the toast, sprinkle
them with cayenne pepper and bake
them in the oven till very hot.

BRIEF NOTES OF LOCAL NEWS

LANPHIER.

10 off. at Lanphier

Taken in January 19 for a big time.

Don't forget the date—January 19.

The next of the N. O. W. series—
January 9.

Social hop at Prof. Kehl's, Odd
Fellows' hall.

SOMETHING fine in uncolored New
York cheese at Dedrick Bros.

FINEST candies in the city 25 cents a
pound. Grubb Produce Co.

Leave your orders for coal and wood
with P. A. Taylor & Co., rink building.

FLORENCE Camp No. 366, M. W. of A.
meets this evening in West Side I. O. O.
F. hall.

WANT ads. in the Gazette are big busi-
ness bringers—three lines three times 25
cents.

ANYTHING you can wish for in bulk
pickles, olives and mustard at Dedrick
Bros.

Just the thing for cold weather,
Purity Buckwheat flour. Dedrick Bros.,
sole agents.

For Sale—One cottage. Also one
third interest in Idlewyle park and boat.
W. H. Merritt.

FOR SALE—A boot and shoe stock.
W. R. Phillips. Room No. 215, New
Hayes block, Janesville.

FOR SALE—Apply to John Thorough,
good, residence at 118 Madison street
first ward, known as Trinity rectory.

The regular meeting of the Janesville
Choral society will be held this evening
at the Caledonian rooms at 7:30 o'clock.

FANCY Hallowe, Ford and stuffed
walnut dates, new California and Per-
sian figs. All at special cost prices at
Dedrick Bros.

All retail clerks should bear in mind
the chicken pie supper at the Y. M. C. A.
building next Wednesday evening.
Supper at 5:30.

St. Agnes guild of Trinity church
will serve supper in the new Guild hall
Wednesday evening, Jan. 10, from 5 to 8
o'clock; 15 cents.

EASILY the best coffee in the market
at the price. Borneo blend 22 cents per
pound, is making new friends every day.
Dedrick Bros., sole agents.

CLOCKS at half price, \$5 clocks at
\$2.50, \$7.50 clocks \$3.75, \$10.50 at
\$5.25, \$12.50 at \$6.25 and \$15.00 at
clocks at \$7.50. T. P. Burns.

W. F. HAYES has just returned from
De Kalb, Ill., where he was called to fit
a number of people to glasses for a
prominent oculist of that city.

THERE will be no meeting of the Twi-
light club tomorrow evening on account
of the death of the late Isaac Brownell.
The meeting will be held next week
Tuesday.

SELDOM equaled and never surpassed,
Purity Mocha and Java at 34 cents per
pound. It appeals to the most critical
judges of fine coffee. Dedrick Bros.,
sole agents.

Mrs. Bowditch would like two or
three more music pupils wishing to take
one or two lessons a week. Music
rooms in Caledonian rooms, over Hall,
Sayles & Fifield.

A CHICKEN pie supper will be given
by the Y. M. C. A. band at the Y. M. C. A.
auditorium next Wednesday evening,
Jan. 10. Tickets 25 cents. Public is
invited to attend.

Run your eye over Dedrick Bros.
canned goods ad. Only a few cans left
of some of these goods. Come early if
you want the best bargains of the sea-
son in this line.

ON account of the death of I. C.
Brownell the meeting of the Citizens'
Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be
postponed until further notice. C. W.
Van Akin, Secretary.

TAKE our advice and try it three—
three lines three times in our want
column for 25 cents. The price is reduced
to get you to try it. We know the
results will be satisfactory.

Rah! Rah! Rah! Y! Y! Y!
Four and twenty chickens baked in a
pie. When the pie was opened the
band began to play at the chicken pie
supper at the Y. M. C. A.

Most builders of mine meat use
boiled cider in their construction. The
mine pie season is at hand. Have you
the boiled cider? We can supply it either
in bulk or quart bottles. Dedrick
Bros.

ROYAL Neighbors that take part in the
drill are requested to meet at West Side
I. O. O. F. hall at 6:30 sharp. Wednes-
day evening. Those who have not been
solicited, please bring doughnuts.
Committee.

See the display of fine old violins in
the display window of the Janesville
Music company. This is one of the
largest and most valuable lines in the
state. They are all owned and for sale
by them.

A REGULAR meeting of W. H. Sargent
Woman's Relief Corps will be held
Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 2 o'clock sharp, at
which time the officers for the ensuing
year will be installed. Mary L. Willis,
president. Ada P. Kimberley, secretary.

NINETEEN YEAR OLD BOY BEFORE COURT

STOLE A COAT AND IS SEN-
TENCED TO THE BASTILE.

Will Remain in Jail For the Next
Thirty Days—Trouble Took Place
at a Dancing Party—James Law-
son the Defendant—Five Drunks
Disposed Of By Judge Fifield.

For the larceny of a five dollar over-
coat James Larson was this morning
sentenced to thirty days at hard labor
in the Rock county jail. The coat was
taken from West Side Odd Fellows hall
on the night of January 1. Bennett
Miller as owner of the coat made com-
plaint. The coat was found in the rear
of a barber shop on West Milwaukee
street. When the case was called in
the municipal court this morning several
interested spectators were on hand.
Larson acted as his own attorney. He
denied having stolen the coat and stated
that on the night of the theft he was in
Imman's restaurant on West Milwaukee
street.

The first witness sworn was Bennett
Miller. He told of being at the dance
and where he placed his coat and also
when he saw it last. The second wit-
ness sworn was Frank Mulligan of 401
South Bluff street. Mr. Mulligan
stated that he saw Larson take an over-
coat from the hall. Larson stated that
he owned no overcoat. Chief of Police
Hogan then testified and the case closed.
Larson is but nineteen years of age.

Five Drunks Appeared

Five drunks appeared before Judge
Fifield of the municipal court this morn-
ing and told how it all happened. They
were arrested yesterday, with the excep-
tion of one who was taken in charge on
Saturday. Four of the defendants are
farm hands who invested too freely in
booze on Saturday night. Leete You-
mans paid a fine of \$4.00, while it took
\$5.00 to settle Thomas Finigan's
trouble. The following went to jail in
default of the necessary cash: James
Riley, eight days; George L. Cone five
days, and Stephen Caniff six days.

Farmers to Meet

AT MILTON JUNCTION

CROWD EXPECTED WEDNESDAY

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

Mrs. Allie Butten Cole Will Speak On

Thursday Evening—Funeral of Jos-
eph Mills—Arrival of Two New

Babies—Milton Junction and Other

County News.

Milton Junction, Jan. 8.—The funeral
of Joseph Mills of Ft. Atkinson, was
held from the M. E. church Wednesday,
with burial in the cemetery here. Mr.
Mills was a member of the M. W. A. so-
ciety and a large number of his com-
rades attended the funeral. He leaves a
wife, mother and brother. Rev. Mr.
Evans of Oakland and Rev. G. W. Bur-
dick of this place conducted the ser-
vices.

The farmers' convention meets here
this week. The usual large crowds will
probably be in attendance and the
meetings are always interesting. The
ladies of the M. E. church will furnish
the dinners at the church. The session
will last Wednesday, Thursday and
Friday. Thursday evening Mrs. Allie
Butten Cole will make an address.

Howe Chamberlain is quite sick at
the home of his aunt in this place. His
parents, who are in Waushara county,
have been sent for.

Mr. and Mrs. Redford welcomed a
baby girl to their home this week, and
Mr. and Mrs. Charley Pierce are rejoic-
ing over the safe arrival of a son and
his Tuesday.

May Thorpe is clerking for George
Stockman.

Miss Nettie Coon has returned from
her trip to Waupun.

The "Menley Trio" will give another
of their fine entertainments in this place
January 28.

Miss Jennie Howe of Fort Atkinson,
visited Mrs. S. Gilbert the past week.

Rev. G. J. Crandall and wife, D.
Rogers and Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Coon,
were among the invited guests from the
Junction who ate dinner with the Mil-
ton S. D. B. church Sunday, which was
served entirely by the gentlemen and
was done in first class style, too.

Miss Maud Thiry began teaching the
winter term of school this week.

Mr. Frank Burdick is packing his
household goods for removal to Wood
county where he has purchased land.

Mrs. M. Furness does not improve
very rapidly.

Mr. Button of Casson, Minn., is still
in town called here by the death of his
nephew, Marshall Cornwell.

Dr. A. L. Burdick, of Chicago spent
Saturday night at the home of his aunt,
Mrs. E. L. Coon, on his way to Albion
to spend the New Year with his mother.

Chas. Fox of North Johnstown has
purchased the house and lot on Vernal
avenue owned by Mrs. Annie Wells. He
does not take possession until spring
we understand.

The S. D. B. people are preparing
to put a baptistry in the church.

Rev. Mr. Lyon of Chicago spoke
briefly in the S. D. B. church Sabbath
and the M. E. church Sunday morn-
ings.

Mr. and Mrs. Ainsley Thorpe are
nicely settled in their new home. Mr.
Thorpe is at work in the Lane Partridge
cigar factory.

Mrs. Kate Mills is staying with re-
latives here for a time since the death of
her son Joseph. Mr. Mills held a
\$3,000 life insurance policy with the
M. W. A.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall and two child-

ren of Walworth visited relatives here
the past week.

LA PRAIRIE

La Prairie, Jan. 8.—The home of Mr.
and Mrs. Joseph Hill has been bright-
ened by the arrival of a baby girl. The
railroad which is to pass through this
town is in progress at the other end of
the route near Libertyville. The L. M.
B. S. meeting held at the home of An-
drew Scott was one long to be remem-
bered. It is rumored that T. A. Read
is buying hogs for Charleston & Co.
Thursday evening, Jan. 11, 1900, is the
date of the next club dance and a new
hardwood floor. Joseph Murray of Be-
lois has been visiting his sister, Mrs.
West Frost. Thornt Read delivered his
tobacco last Saturday. While on the
way to Janesville the team he was driv-
ing became frightened and strewn his
tobacco in the road for a short distance.
Wait Feira and bride are now at home
to their friends. Installation of the
Grange officers took place at the hall
last Saturday evening. A. C. Powers of
Alton acted as the installing officer. L.
M. B. S. will hold their next meeting
at the home of Mrs. W. T. Sherman, Wed-
nesday, Jan. 24. A company from this
place attended a social party at the
home of Mr. and Mrs. Luck in Har-
mony.

SHOPIERE.

Shopiere, Jan. 8.—The Shopiere Camp
of Modern Woodmen No. 1375, will
hold a public installation of officers and
entertainment, consisting of songs, re-
citations, readings and instrumental mu-
sic. After the program supper will be
served in the supper room below. The
date is Wednesday, Jan. 17. On Thurs-
day, Jan. 11, the Ladies' Aid society
will hold their annual meeting and elect
officers for the ensuing year. Mrs.
Frank Culver went to Racine Friday to
visit her daughter, Mrs. VanGelder.
Tim McGillen came out from Milwau-
kee to spend a week with his par-
ents here. Henry McArthur came down
from Fort Atkinson on Saturday after
spending a week there. A good many
from this place went to Afton Friday
evening to help them dedicate their new
hall and report having a fine time. Mrs.
Billings is very sick.

Stockholders in the once defunct bank
of Edgerton were in the city today as
interested defendants in the legal action
of C. F. Gager et al. vs. the Bank of
Edgerton.

The case is before Judge James J.
Dick of the Waushara circuit. The
action is being brought by the numer-
ous depositors for money they allege is
due them from the stockholders and
directors of the Bank of Edgerton
before its failure. The directors paid
about thirty cents on the dollar, but it
now appears that the many depositors
claim that more cash is due them out of
the remaining seventy cents.

Twenty attorneys are interested in
the case including Robert M. LaFollette
and John M. Olin of Madison. When
the case was called this afternoon At-
torney Olin made the opening address
going over the case from beginning to
end.

In the case of James B. Hume vs.
Benjamin P. Crossman the court ordered
the sheriff's report of sale placed on file.

In the action of John W. Sale, county
judge, vs. Abram Phelps et al. the mo-
tion to strike out certain portions of the
answer of Abram Phelps was ordered
granted on the calendar for hearing.

In the action of Truman C. Davis et
al. vs. John H. Davis et al. the appoint-
ment of T. W. Goldin as special guar-
dian was made.

Finest coffees and teas arriving al-
most every day. Their merit lies in the
original strength. Bates Cash Tea Co.

Spencer's Boston coffees are a line of
fine goods which are difficult to match
elsewhere. Prices 20 to 35 cents per
pound. Old Dutch Java in two pound
cans, 45 cents each. Grubb Produce
Co.

Rah! Rah! Rah! Y! Y! Y!
Four and twenty chickens baked in a
pie. When the pie was opened the
band began to play at the chicken pie
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Spencer's Boston coffees are a line of
fine goods which are difficult to match
elsewhere. Prices 20 to 35 cents per
pound. Old Dutch Java in two pound
cans, 45 cents each. Grubb Produce
Co.

Rah! Rah! Rah! Y! Y! Y!
Four and twenty chickens baked in a
pie. When the pie was opened the
band began to play at the chicken pie
supper at the Y. M. C. A.

Many Interested Depositors On Hand to
Aear the Arguments—Several Attor-
neys Appear—Other Matters of Im-
portance Before the Circuit Court of
Rock County.

Stockholders in the once defunct bank
of Edgerton were in the city today as
interested defendants in the legal action
of C. F. Gager et al. vs. the Bank of
Edgerton.

The case is before Judge James J.
Dick of the Waushara circuit. The
action is being brought by the numer-
ous depositors for money they allege is
due them from the stockholders and
directors of the Bank of Edgerton
before its failure. The directors paid
about thirty cents on the dollar, but it
now appears that the many depositors
claim that more cash is due them out of
the remaining seventy cents.

Twenty attorneys are interested in
the case including Robert M. LaFollette
and John M. Olin of Madison. When
the case was called this afternoon At-
torney Olin made the opening address
going over the case from beginning to
end.

In the case of James B. Hume vs.
Benjamin P. Crossman the court ordered
the sheriff's report of sale placed on file.

In the action of John W. Sale, county
judge, vs. Abram Phelps et al. the mo-
tion to strike out certain portions of the
answer of Abram Phelps was ordered
granted on the calendar for hearing.

In the action of Truman C. Davis et
al. vs. John H. Davis et al. the appoint-
ment of T. W. Goldin as special guar-
dian was made.

Fin

.. LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH..

BULLER ATTACKS COLENSO.

British Again Attempt to Cross the Tugela River.

PIERCE BATTLE AT LADYSMITH.

Boer Forces Under Gen. Joubert Make a Determined Attack on the Position—Seventy Men of Gen. French's Command Taken Prisoners.

London, Jan. 8.—A special from Frere Camp, dated Saturday, Jan. 6, says:

"At 2 o'clock this afternoon the whole of Gen. Buller's division marched out of camp to attack Colenso. Gen. Buller's brigade was on the left and Gen. Barton's on the right, with cavalry on the extreme right.

"The attack was slowly developed, and at 4:30 the British field guns advanced on the center and commenced shelling the Boer positions on the flat land between Illwane hill and Fort Wyke.

"About this time a heavy thunderstorm raged over the enemy's positions.

"At 5:30 our troops were still advancing and had reached a point near Colenso. The naval 4.7 and field guns were busily dropping shells into the enemy's trenches along the river, and the forts of the enemy had made no reply."

Ladysmith Hard Pressed.

London, Jan. 8.—As far as the public or the newspapers are advised, the Boers continued the attack on Ladysmith which was begun on Saturday, and over Sunday were pressing Gen. White severely, but the British position was not yet taken. This information was telegraphed by White at 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon and forwarded by Gen. Buller to London last night.

Gen. White's message is brief, and says: "Attack renewed. Hard pressed."

To this Gen. Buller adds the explanation, he could get no further news on account of the absence of the sun, which is necessary for heliographing, and adding that a camp rumor said Gen. White had defeated the Boers at 5 o'clock Saturday evening and had taken 400 prisoners. Gen. Buller added further that he had sent all his available troops on Saturday to make a demonstration at Colenso, and that his men had discovered all the trenches occupied by the Boers.

While this is the extent of the Ladysmith news given out by the war office up to midnight, there is a suspicion that later advices had been received but had been withheld.

The nature of the last official messages is unknown, and since the war office alone is able to get fresh advices from Ladysmith, the public will probably not know before late today whether Ladysmith has fallen or whether Gen. Buller has succeeded in forcing his way across the Tugela and rescued Gen. White's force.

British Taken Captive.

London, Jan. 8.—The war office publishes the following dispatch from Gen. Forester-Walker, commanding at Cape Town:

"Gen. French reports, under date of Jan. 6: 'The situation is much the same as yesterday, but I regret to report that a serious accident has happened to the first battalion of the Suffolk regiment.

"From news just come to hand from them I gather that, with the authority and with the knowledge of Gen. French, four companies of the first battalion advanced by night against a low hill one mile from their camp. They attacked at dawn. Lieut.-Col. Watson, commanding, gave orders to charge. He was at once wounded. Orders for retirement were given.

"Three-quarters of the force retreated to camp. The remainder held their ground until they were overpowered by greater numbers, when they surrendered. Seventy were taken prisoners, including seven officers."

"Gen. French reports that the Boer commando which made the attack on Jan. 4 lost fifty killed, besides wounded and prisoners. The commando was dispersed.

"There is no change in the situation as regards Lord Methuen and Gen. Gatacre."

"Referring to my earlier dispatch today, I have to report that Gen. French reports, under date of Jan. 6, that a medical officer has been sent out to collect all the wounded to the northeast of Colenso. The exact list of persons missing French has not yet ascertained. Probably about seventy. The first battalion of the Essex regiment has been sent to replace the first battalion of the Suffolk.

"The position of affairs, tactical and strategic, is without alteration. A Boer medical officer admits it was intended to leave Colenso. The enemy's loss day by day from our fire has been heavy."

Uprising Feared in Cape Town.

The Daily Telegraph publishes this dispatch from its special correspondent: "Cape Town, Jan. 5.—Considerable suppressed excitement has prevailed here during the week owing to the persistent rumors that a coup of some kind was meditated by the disloyal faction in the vicinity of this

city. Today the authorities issued a notice warning the public of the danger of being fired upon if they approached posts guarded by sentries at night and do not stop at the challenge. It also gave notice that all boats approaching the cruiser Niobe, which is anchored in the bay, must carry a light or take the risk of being fired upon. Four steamers are now discharging vast quantities of provisions and ammunition stores."

Possible Fall of Ladysmith.

London, Jan. 8.—Great Britain has to face the terrible possibility that the next news will be the fall of Ladysmith. The disquieting feature is that the Boers seem to have had sufficient forces to deter Gen. Buller from attacking while themselves making strenuous efforts to reduce the town. In the presence of this ominous situation even Gen. French's disaster, of which apparently the worst has not yet been heard, assumes quite minor importance in the eyes of the public.

Boers May Solicit Intervention.

Correspondents of continental newspapers all agreed that if Ladysmith surrendered or was captured, the Boers would then be in the finest possible position to play a magnanimous role with Great Britain, and that Leyds could go with the greatest assurance to any one of the great powers and solicit intervention to stop the slaughter of British troops and negotiate for peace. Foreign diplomats suggest that in that event the Boers might not only insist on the independence of the two republics, but demand and secure a seaport on the east coast of Africa.

No Fear of Complications.

The gossip of the clubs turns on the news of the seizure of the German steamer Herzog. The belief is expressed that the case will be found similar to that of the Bundesrat—that it will turn out that the Herzog had contraband articles on board. No one seems to feel apprehensive of any international complications as the result of the seizures.

Maxims in Piano Boxes.

It is asserted that the customs authorities on the river Thames have detained two outgoing steamers and seized two large guns and six Maxims, packed in piano cases, intended for the Transvaal. It is also said that a quantity of foodstuffs on another vessel have been seized.

Americans Protest.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail, dated Jan. 6, from Durban, says: "Several Americans among the civilians complain bitterly that their consul at Pretoria ignored their representatives, although no charge had been preferred against them."

British Losses 6,791.

The total British losses in South Africa to date are 6,791. The killed number 793; wounded, 3,416; missing, 2,265; died of sickness, 118.

Boers Capture Kuruman.

Pretoria, Thursday, Jan. 4, via Lourenço Marques.—Field Cornet Visser, under date of Tuesday, Jan. 2, reports as follows from Kuruman, British Bechuanaland:

"I commenced a bombardment of Kuruman yesterday (Monday), aiming at the police barracks. The fight lasted until 6 in the evening, when the garrison surrendered, issuing from the forts and yielding up arms.

"We took 120 prisoners, including Capt. Bales and Capt. Dennison, Mr. Hillyard, the magistrate, and eight other officers. We also captured seventy natives, together with a number of rifles and revolvers and a quantity of ammunition.

"Fifteen British were wounded. They are being attended by us, with the help of Dr. Bearne, an English physician.

"The horses, oxen, mules and flour taken from the prisoners have been sent to Pretoria by the way of Vryburg."

Retreat from Dordrecht.

Lourenço Marques, Jan. 4.—A dispatch from the Boer headquarters near Dordrecht says: "The British have been compelled to retreat from Dordrecht. Fighting continues around Colenso, where the British occupy some of the outside kopjes. Bullets are dropping inside the town."

Will Send More Infantry.

London, Jan. 8.—The war office has decided upon immediate steps for sending an eighth infantry division to South Africa. Some of the regiments for this division will be taken from Gibraltar and Malta. They will be replaced by militia.

Colonial Troops Arrested.

Cape Town, Jan. 8.—An ammunition column has started for the front.

Several colonial irregulars of Dutch extraction have been brought here under arrest. They are suspected of treachery.

Many Editions of German Books.

Germany is a more bookish country than either Great Britain or the United States. The historical novel, "Elkenhard," is now in its 146th edition, and Scheffel's "Trompeter von Sakkingen" in its 237th.

Queen of Portugal, M. D.

The queen of Portugal has begun the study of medicine as a "hobby," has taken her degree of M. D., and is now the chief physician of her consort, herself and her children.

COMING WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Many Speeches Scheduled for Delivery in the Senate.

FATE OF THE FINANCIAL BILL.

Senators Opposed to the Measure Desire an Opportunity to State Their Views—Urgent Deliberation Appropriation Bill in the House.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The week in the senate will be given up largely to speechmaking. Beginning today Senator Pettigrew's resolution asking for information concerning the Philippine bill will come up and he and probably other senators will speak upon it. Senator Morgan has given notice of a speech in which he will discuss the race question in the south. If any time is left it will be devoted to the continuation of the discussion of the financial bill, some of the senators in the opposition replying to Mr. Aldrich.

Tuesday Senator Beveridge will deliver his speech on the Philippine problem and Wednesday will be devoted to eulogies of the late vice-president, Hobart. The greater part of the remainder of the week will be devoted to the finances, the object of the managers of the financial bill being to give as much time as possible to this measure until it is acted upon. It is now understood that almost all the senators opposed to the bill will talk upon it before the vote is taken, but there has not yet been any arrangement of the order in which they will address the senate.

There is no program in the house this week. The only certain feature is the consideration of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. It will be ready Tuesday or Wednesday. It will contain almost \$50,000,000 for the army and navy, and while it will pass when it reaches a vote, it may precipitate a stormy debate upon the conduct of the war in the Philippines. The answer of Secretary Gage to the house resolution calling for information regarding the deposit of government funds in national banks is expected early in the week. The report will not constitute a privileged question, which will open up debate, but if it is deemed unsatisfactory to any one resolutions of investigation may follow. The Roberts case will not get before the house until the end of the week at the earliest, and probably not then. The hearings have been adjourned until Wednesday, and it is hardly likely that the report can be prepared in time for presentation this week.

Boasts of Filipino Agent.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Agoncillo says there is not enough room in Manila for the American wounded, and Agoncillo has issued a manifesto declaring that the Filipinos will resist until the last. A dispatch received from the so-called government says Agoncillo's army is composed of 40,000 men, well armed, and another 50,000 whose only arm is the bolo; eighty cannon of every model at Fariol, and fifteen other pieces of artillery, without counting those taken on the Urdaneta.

Assault on Gen. Greely.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Gen. Greely the arctic explorer, who is now in charge of the signal service of the army, was badly hurt last night by James C. Furnace, a drunken express messenger, who attempted to force his way into the officer's house. Gen. Greely sustained a severe cut in the back of the head, and was unconscious for an hour. His injury, however, is not expected to result seriously.

Smallpox in Normal School.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 8.—The state board of health has received a message from Dixon stating that smallpox is spreading in the Northern Illinois normal school. Thirty-five cases have been reported among the students, over twenty occurring in the college buildings. The health commissioner of Dixon has had all the patients removed from the college and has ordered a thorough revaccination among the students.

On Watch for Contraband.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—A dispatch from Rome says that the British warships Vulcan, Thesis, Astraea and Hebe have received orders to keep watch for a steamer which recently sailed from the Baltic for South Africa. It is believed that it is carrying contraband of war.

Gains in Hamburg Shipping.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—The statistics of ocean shipping at Hamburg for 1899 show 13,312 arrivals, an increase of 789 over the previous year, and 13,336 clearances, an increase of 804 over 1898.

Inactive Bowels

Many people suffer from constipation. This invariably produces stomach, liver and kidney disease. Constipation is a dangerous disease. Cure it with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. There is nothing better. It will not shock the system and it positively cures indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, fever and ague. Try it. It may be obtained from any druggist. See that a PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

Good for Every One

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

ACQUITTAL AT VIENNA, ILL.

Defendants in Lauder Riot Case Are Freed—Four Rearrested.

Vienna, Ill., Jan. 8.—All the defendants in the Lauder riot case are acquitted. The jury took its final ballot at 5 o'clock Sunday morning, and the court and defendants' counsel were notified. The prisoners were brought to the courtroom and just at 6 o'clock the verdict acquitting all the defendants was read. There was general hand-shaking and congratulation, court, attorneys, prisoners and jurors participating.

Sheriff Hankins rearrested Darden, Hicks, Baker and Richie on warrants sent him by the deputy United States marshal charging them with violating an injunction issued by the United States court. The sheriff took them to Grantburg and turned them over to the deputy United States marshal there, who took them to Springfield.

Court convened at 10 o'clock this morning to set the time for trying the other change-of-venue case coming here from Williamson county.

Additions to U. S. Navy.

Washington, Jan. 8.—On Jan. 1 of this year the navy department had under contract with the various shipbuilding concerns of this country fifty-three warships, the largest list that has ever appeared at any one time on the naval budget of this country. In addition to these, designs for six fine war vessels are being prepared by the bureau of construction, under authorization of congress, and contracts for their will be let shortly.

Severe Diplomatic Relations.

Santo Domingo, Jan. 8.—The French consul has severed diplomatic relations with the republic of Santo Domingo, and has asked that warships be sent hither, which are now on their way.

The 280,000 francs (\$56,000) demanded by France is ready for payment.

The United States gunboat Machias has left this port.

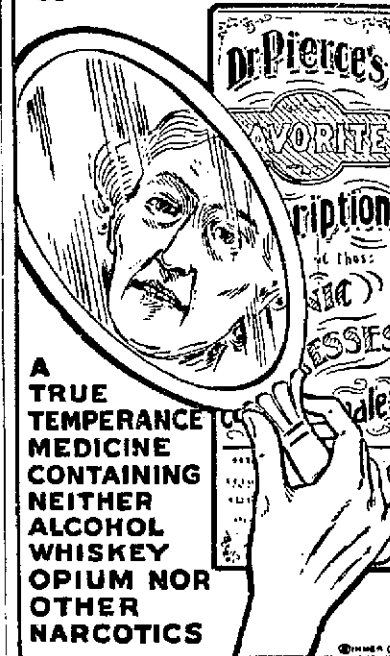
Russia Ready to Interfere.

Rome, Jan. 8.—It is asserted that the Russian foreign office has informed the powers that in case Great Britain occupies Delagoa bay Russia, in the interests of the world's commerce, will offer mediation between the belligerents in South Africa. This is regarded in diplomatic circles here as extremely likely to lead to serious international complications.

Gage Matter May Be Dropped.

Washington, Jan. 8.—When Secretary Gage's replies to the resolutions of inquiry passed by the senate and the house of representatives have been sent in it is not probable that either house will take any further action in regard to the charges that have been made against the treasury department.

DON'T WAIT 'TILL YOUR LOOKS, EVEN, SHOW HOW SICK YOU ARE BUT TAKE DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION & BE HEALTHY



A TRUE TEMPERANCE MEDICINE CONTAINING NEITHER ALCOHOL OPIUM NOR OTHER NARCOTICS

Fire, Accident, Steam Boiler Insurance

Placed in time tried, reliable companies. Insurance placed on best farm property.

Loans placed on Real Estate.

HAYNER & BEERS.

Room 10, Jackson Block, JANEVILLE. Corner Milwaukee and Main Streets.

Handsome Rugs

Made from worn Ingrain or Brussels Carpets any size desired. Write to Baraboo Towel Mills "rug department" for circulars. Only first-class work turned out. Baraboo Towel Mills, Baraboo, Wisconsin.

Time Changes . . .

quickly things of poor quality. Our

Harness and Horse Goods



stand the hand of time and continual use better than the prices would lead one to suppose. The material is high grade clear through. So is the workmanship. Solid Oak-Tanned Leather, and the best metal and rubber trimmings render our

Harness almost indestructible.

Didn't Santa bring anything

For your faithful horse? He probably didn't see our line of Harness, Blankets, Robes, Whips, etc. All made of the finest goods manufactured.

There will be lots of Cold Weather yet and it will be economy to get all the heat out of fuel possible. There is no other way to get full value than by using a



Rochester Radiator...

Scientists inform us that 60 to 80 per cent. of the heat from a Stove is wasted up a chimney. If you doubt this go on the roof and hold your hand over the chimney. Stop this leak by using

A Rochester Radiator

You would not tolerate such a loss in any other branch of your business or household.



C. H. BELDING.

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Attorneys and Counsellors

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Practice in All the Courts.
OFFICES: Sutherland Building, Janesville, Wisconsin

WILSON LANE,
Attorney-at-Law.

Practices in all the courts.
Suite 411 Hayes Block.

DR. Q. O. SUTHERLAND,

Has removed his office to

Suite 217, Hayes' Block,
OFFICE HOURS:
8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 4 and 6 to 8 p. m.

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Attorney at Law.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE

C. & N. W. RY.

CHICAGO, via Clinton	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Chicago, via Clinton	* 4:30 am	* 12:10 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 6:40 am	* 9:25 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 7:35 am	* 8:30 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 12:35 pm	* 11:35 am
Chicago, via Clinton	* 7:15 pm	* 12:45 am

CHICAGO, via Beloit and Harvard	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Chicago, via Beloit and Harvard	* 2:10 pm	* 7:50 pm
Chicago, via Beloit and Harvard	* 7:00 am	* 6:55 pm

CHICAGO, via Beloit and Harvard	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Chicago, via Beloit and Harvard	* 2:20 pm	
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 8:20 am	* 11:50 am

Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 2:30 pm	* 7:50 pm
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 7:00 am	* 8:45 am
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 3:15 pm	* 8:45 am

Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 8:20 am	* 7:50 pm
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 8:00 pm	* 10:40 pm
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha and Denver	* 2:20 pm	

Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 7:00 am	* 7:55 pm
Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 12:45 pm	* 12:15 pm
Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 8:05 am	* 12:15 pm

Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 12:45 pm	* 7:50 pm
Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 8:10 pm	* 7:35 am
Waterloo, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 4:00 pm	* 4:00 pm

Freight	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Freight	* 4:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Freight	* 8:00 pm	* 8:00 pm
Freight	* 6:05 am	* 4:30 am

Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 12:45 am	* 7:15 pm
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 11:20 am	* 7:15 pm
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 9:30 pm	* 6:30 am

Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 12:10 am	* 4:30 am
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 12:45 am	* 2:50 pm
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 7:30 am	

Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 7:30 am	
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 7:30 am	
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 7:30 am	

BUSY SHIPYARDS IN MAINE.

Revival of the Shipbuilding Industry Makes Things Hum.

BY C. T. BAXTER.

Maine's ancient industry of shipbuilding, which has languished for so many years, has come to life again. The shipyards at Bath, Camden, Millbridge, Rockland, Machias and other ports, where were built the old time clipper ships that sailed to the East and West Indies, are once more busy.

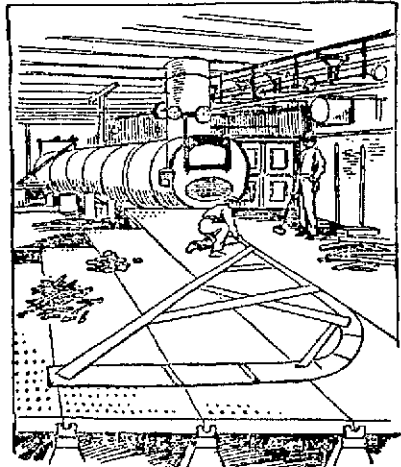
During the year just closed there have been launched from the shipyards of the old Pine Tree State vessels whose total value exceeds \$8,000,000 and whose tonnage amounts to 52,000. There are now on the stocks \$4,000,000 worth of new vessels, and the prospects are that in 1900 a new record will be established.

But most of the new vessels are of a far different nature from those which in years past came from these same ways. Nearly all of the larger ships now being built are of steel. The smaller vessels for coasting trade are still built of wood, and a few big wooden merchantmen have been turned out, but the steel tonnage is much in excess of the wooden.

Different in rig, too, are these new vessels. The old clipper ships were all square rigged, with three big masts crossed by giant yardarms. The new vessels are schooner rig. Some of them have five masts. It has been found that a small crew can handle a great ship with a number of masts, while the old square rigged clipper ships carried big crews.

One of the largest of the new schooners, which will carry about 4,000 tons, will require a crew of but ten men all told, a master, two mates, a steward, an engineer and five sailors before the mast. A square rigged ship of half the size would need a crew of 24 men to handle her.

The high price of materials, notably of steel, has been a decided drawback to building, but on account of the greatly improved condition of the freight market high prices can be ob-



MAKING THE RIBS OF A STEEL SHIP.

trained for vessels, and nothing short of a collapse of business generally will prevent great activity in the yards for years to come.

Such has been the advance in prices of materials since March that a vessel formerly costing \$30,000 has cost this year \$40,000. Hard pine lumber has advanced about \$10 a thousand, sailcloth 20 per cent, iron and steel nearly 100 per cent, oak and native woods from 25 to 40 per cent, and what seems to be the most complained of, manila hemp has advanced from about 6 1/2 cents a pound to 10 and 17 cents.

The Penikese brothers have been offered \$50,000 for their new schooner, that cost them \$36,000, but they refuse to sell at less than \$53,000, saying that it would cost nearly or quite that amount to replace her. The four masted schooner Iona Tunnell, recently launched at Millbridge, cost about \$45,000. She had scarcely been launched when the owners received an offer to purchase at a considerable advance over the cost, but they declined to sell at less than \$70,000.

The little three masted schooner John Maxwell, launched at Millbridge last summer, divided \$1,250 among her owners in the first two months she was afloat, which is at the rate of about 35 per cent a year on the investment.

Schooners like the John B. Prescott and the Nathaniel T. Palmer, which carry about 4,400 tons of coal, have been stocking from \$7,000 to \$8,000 a trip lately, and their expenses are small compared with those of a square rigged vessel of the same size.

When the boom began in the freight market last fall, shippers began to realize for the first time that the American coasting fleet had been sensibly decreased by wreck and decay and that there were not enough vessels to carry the cargoes to be moved. In recent years there has been little building for the coast or for any other trade, and what little has been done is represented chiefly by schooners of large size for coal carrying. Few vessels of medium size have been built and no small vessels, while gales like those of November, 1898, and the last summer have swept many coasters from the sea.

There are today upon the Atlantic and gulf coasts flying the American flag only 502 vessels of 400 tons register and upward and only 270 barges of over 500 tons. Business has increased 50 per cent. From this it is plain that more vessels of 300 to 800 tons must be built, and with such business opportunities as have been offered in the last few months down east shipping people will not be slow to act.

THE RAINY DAY CLUB.

Mrs. A. M. Palmer's Campaign in the Interests of Rational Dress.

Mrs. A. M. Palmer, the bright and pretty president of the Professional Woman's league, is also president of the Rainy Day club. "Rainy daisies" some call them. She is, with a large following of clever and determined women, working with all her heart for the propagation of this sensible plan.

As a general rule, women do not care half so much for sensible things as the things they look prettiest in. The new movement frightens some, as all innovations do, but they will soon change their minds.

Mrs. Palmer was at the Federation of Women's Clubs at Rochester, and there she said some clever things regarding the object of the "rainy daisies." She held that it mattered little to women able to have their own earriages whether their dress was long or short from point of convenience or healthfulness, but to the business women and the mothers who must go out for their marketing it mattered much. Many now go to their work with wet skirts and stand or sit with them so all day, to their great injury. These women would gladly wear the short skirts which reach just to the ankles, but in nearly all business houses, large and small, the superintendents will not allow it.

Mrs. Palmer has prepared a paper containing a list of plain questions as



MRS. A. M. PALMER.

to the why and wherefore of such a rule, and this she intends to offer to every storekeeper in New York to get his answer on the subject. This is the beginning of a campaign which has right for its motive and a determined woman at the back of it.

The rainy day costume is not only pretty, but modest. It ought to become general. It consists of a jacket, new-market or cape of the prevailing style and a short skirt handsomely tailored finished at the bottom, like the bicycle skirts with which we are so familiar and which we do not dream of calling immodest. Gaiters or leggings are worn.

Thus, with good, stout waterproof shoes, a woman is less apt to develop into a wretched invalid. One house down town is manufacturing these rainy day suits and separate skirts by the thousand of the new convenient domestics, which means that they are waterproof in themselves as well as rain repellent. The stuffs are mostly small or broken checks in neutral tints and colors, and they are tailored in the most approved style.

A Great Slaughter of Elephants.

There are annually killed in Africa at least 65,000 elephants, yielding a quantity of raw ivory, the selling price of which is \$4,250,000.

Crippled by Rheumatism.

Those who have Rheumatism find themselves growing steadily worse all the while. One reason of this is that the remedies prescribed by the doctors contain mercury and potash, which ultimately intensify the disease by causing the joints to swell and stiffen, producing a severe aching of the bones. S. S. S. has been curing Rheumatism for twenty years—even the worst cases which seemed almost incurable.

Capt. O. E. Hughes, the popular railroad conductor of Columbia, S. C., had an experience with Rheumatism which convinced him that there is only one cure for that painful disease. He says: "I was a great sufferer from muscular Rheumatism for two years. I could get no permanent relief from any medicine prescribed by my physician. I took about a dozen bottles of your S. S. S., and now I am as well as I ever was in my life. I am sure that your medicine cured me, and I would recommend it to any one suffering from any blood disease."



Everybody knows that Rheumatism is a diseased state of the blood, and only a blood remedy is the only proper treatment, but a remedy containing potash and mercury only aggravates the trouble.

S.S.S. For The Blood

being Purely Vegetable, goes direct to the very cause of the disease and a permanent cure always results. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury or other dangerous minerals.

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A Half Price Cloak Sale..

Beginning Tuesday, January 2d, we will offer without reserve every Ladies' cloth garment in our store at exactly one-half price. The line includes

Ladies' Jackets, Ladies' Golf Capes, Ladies' Cloth Capes.

all of this season's make, and in the very acme of fashion. We have about 150 of the celebrated Biefeld garments and it is our purpose to sell them, and sell them quick.

This great half price offer is made right in the season when you need Cloaks most, and if in want of a garment you cannot afford to miss it. Early purchasers will secure the best selection.

\$25 Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	\$12 50
\$20. Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	10.00
\$15 Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	7 50
\$12.50 Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	6 25
\$10 Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	5.00
\$8 Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	4 00
\$5 Ladies' Jackets and Capes will go at.....	2.50

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REMNANT SALE OF CANNED GOODS

As the result of our annual inventory, we find our stock of many brands of Canned Goods reduced to less than case lots. We intend to discontinue these brands and will close out the remnants at the following cut prices.

Tepec 2-lb extra Blackberries, per can.....	9c	B. & B. 2-lb. Standard Blackberries, per can.....	7c
Golden Gate 3-lb. Quinces, per can.....	11c	Genesee 3-lb. Rhubarb, per can.....	9c
Yuba 2 1/2-lb. Standard Apricots, per can.....	12c	Genesee 2-lb. Gooseberries, per can.....	9c
B. & B. 3-lb. Standard Apples, per can.....	7c	Monarch 2-lb. Extra Giant Peas, per can.....	11c
Reber's 3-lb Kraut, per can.....	9c	Russian 2-lb. Sifted Sweet Peas, per can.....	14c
Booth's 3-lb Bacon and Greens, per can.....	8c	Magpie 3-lb Baked Beans, per can.....	7c
Alcatraz 3-lb. Yellow Peaches, per can.....	12c	Atkins' 1-lb. Flat Salmon, per can.....	10c
Universal 2 1/2-lb. Cal. Bartlett Pears, per can.....	14c	Monarch 2-lb. Red Kidney Beans, per can.....	10c
Coltor 2 1/2-lb Cal Black Cherries, per can.....	15c	Fall Brook, 2 1/2-lb., Egg Plums, per can.....	10c
Fait & Slagle Picnic Raspberries, per can.....	6c	Fall Brook, 2 1/2-lb., Green Gages, per can.....	10c

Take advantage of the inducements that we offer to cash buyers. We can save you money on your grocery bills and invite a comparison of quality and prices.

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SPOT CASH GROCERS.

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BRAVE ARMY MISSIONARIES

Members of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew and Their Work in the Philippines.

BY JOHN F. WILLOUGHBY.

It is probable that army missionary work has never been carried on with greater zeal than by the missionaries sent by the Brotherhood of St. Andrew to labor among the American soldiers in the Philippines. This organization is connected with the Episcopal church. Its missionaries have closely followed the firing lines in Luzon. In fact, there is one instance on record where one of these earnest missionaries made an attempt to hold a service while a battle was in actual progress. He would have succeeded, too, had not the commanding officer ordered that the service be deferred until after the fighting was over.

These missionaries of St. Andrew have frequently gone from point to point of the firing line while the bullets were whistling. They have talked to the men who were pumping lead at the Filipinos and have aided those who had been disabled.

One of the most zealous of these missionaries is John Howe Peyton. He has been a soldier himself, having entered the army for the express purpose of studying the actual conditions of the men so as to be fitted by experience to conduct Christian work among them. After three months' service, during which time he became a sergeant in the Second volunteer engineers, he began the work in which he is at present engaged in connection with the Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew has but one object, "the spread of Christ's kingdom among young men." Whenever young men congregate, there the brotherhood seeks to be. Hence when the troops of the United States were mobilizing for war it was natural that the society should take advantage of such a bright opportunity to conduct a new branch of the work. Accordingly a delegation of the society was sent to the Philippine Islands and established its headquarters in the city of Manila.

In April last, with two clergymen and another layman, Mr. Peyton left for Luzon and upon arrival at Manila



MISSIONARY JOHN H. PEYTON.

rented a house in the Malate district, fitted up reading rooms with a large supply of books, magazines, implements for games and writing material and threw open the doors to the soldiers.

The men flocked to the place and have made it one of their chief rendezvous in time of leisure ever since. Newspapers from all parts of the world are sent there by the friends and relatives of the men, and by a system of interchanging these the soldiers are at all times able to obtain a collection of American newspapers with the latest news of the home country.

Workers from this center are used in many ways in connection with the general plan of helping the helpless. The Rev. Hugh Nethercott, who has charge of the house, devotes himself to regular visiting at the Second Reserve hospital, ministering to the sick from cot to cot and holding public services in the large dining room there. During the week the Rev. James L. Stanley, who is librarian at the headquarters, travels by rail to the different towns and centers between Malolos and Angeles. He carries service books, holds meetings and where practicable organizes Bible classes and brotherhood chapters.

Writing material is also distributed and received with great appreciation. The exigencies of war have hindered the perfect execution of the plan to have one earnest band of workers in each company of the army, but with the return of peace and with the arrival of more workers the missionaries hope to have their plans in this direction fully realized.

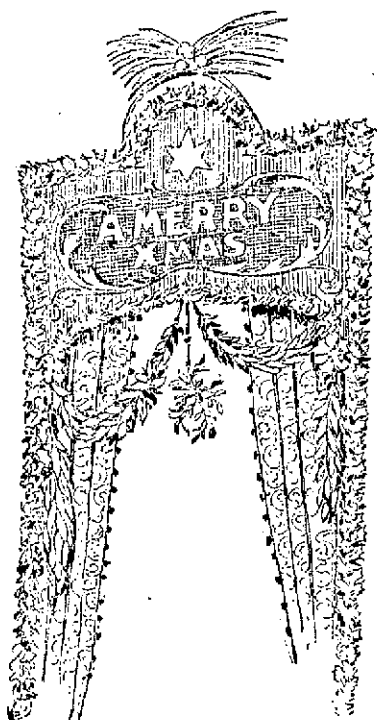
The work has not been without its dangers, the members of the brotherhood being pledged to go anywhere in pursuit of the objects of their mission, and the close proximity of hostile rifle-men has never deterred them. Mr. Peyton has in his possession a bullet which passed through the room in which he was on June 16 when the battle of San Fernando raged for three hours. To pass along the firing line during the progress of a battle, as these workers have frequently done, is as risky as taking part in the fight, but there was never any flinching, and the respect of officers and men has been won by the devotion to duty of the missionaries of St. Andrew.

LANDS AND BRIGHT LIGHTS.

The Poetic Tradition of Christmas Greens—A Charming and Easy Scheme For Doorway Trimming. Umbrella Centerpiece.

The damsel donned her kittle shawl;
The hall was dressed with holly green;
Forth to the wood did merry men go
To gather in the mistletoe.

It was a poetic old notion that kindly sylvan spirits repair to the houses that are decked with evergreens in December, there to remain untripped by frost



DECORATION OF A DOORWAY.

and cold winds until a milder season renews the foliage of their favorite haunts. The pretty tradition has vanished, but we still feel the need of an outward and visible sign of good will and jollity at Christmastide. So up go the holly and the mistletoe or whatever green things are most available; though we seek them perhaps oftener in the market place than the wood.

Many people down a spray or two, stuck indiscriminately behind the pictures, sufficient to serve their purpose in view of the fact that these "do not last long." But oftener young and old alike enter into the Christmas garlanding with a right good will, mingled with a serious intent, which results in a festival of fun and triumphs of decorative achievement besides.

Nowadays holiday decorations call for most tasteful consideration, and the old fashioned promiscuous scattering of greenery and frosted ficus is quite out of date.

The hall, as a general thing, offers a special opportunity and a "free hand" to the decorator. The first sketch shows a doorway therein with a simple scheme which is very attractive and within the skill of even the beginner in this decorative art. The framework must first be constructed, and for their purpose cane, round rods or light sticks of any kind may be used. These are fastened together with wire, the frame is then covered with holly and painted all over, except the star and the motto, which should show light through. Holly, laurel, cedar, arbor vitae, ground pine, bay leaves, etc., any of them furnishes appropriate greens for the trimming.

To get a good transparency a light would have to be specially placed behind the holly and other material. The best material to admit of the light showing through is the tracing linen used by architects for making large tracings. But ordinary window blind material, which is cheaper, answers very well.

To those who can do lettering with facility the somewhat luckless "Merry Xmas" may be dropped to make room for a more pretentious couplet, such as—

Come, let us play and make good cheer,
For Christmas comes but once a year.

In the device of the second cut, which is designed for clothing a hang-



CENTER DECORATION FOR CHRISTMAS.

ing light, preferably electric, recourse is had to the convenient framework of a Japanese umbrella. Its reddish tint would look well against the evergreens, and the festooning round the rim might be made very effective. From its handle hangs a cluster of mistletoe, reminiscent of the "kissing bunch" of the olden days.

Coffee Jelly.

Coffee makes an excellent jelly. Soak one package of gelatin in one pint of cold water, then pour over it one quart of boiling water, add one plate of granulated sugar and the same amount of very strong coffee. Strain this into a ring mold and put in a cold place. When serving, fill the center with whipped cream, sweetened; also put the cream around the outside.

See the fine assortment of fresh candies at Dedrick Bros'. The quality will please the most fastidious.

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Men's Box Calf, welt soles, a dandy.....	\$3 00
Men's Box Calf, welt soles; (many would call a \$5.00 Shoe).....	3 50
Men's Lone and Box Calf, McKay, \$2 00 and.....	2 50
Ladies' Box Calf and heavy Dongola.....	2 50
Ladies' Box Calf and heavy Dongola, welt sole, \$2.50 and.....	3 00
Ladies' Velour Calf, welt sole, \$3.00 and.....	3 50

A large line of Canvas and Leather Leggings for men and boys, and Jersey and Beaver Leggings for ladies, misses and children.

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Positively Two (2) Days

NO MORE AT THESE PRICES.

READ!

All Child's \$5.00, 6.00
and 6.50 Suits go at

\$
4.00

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Never have we offered such an opportunity to clothe your children at such remarkably low prices. We are overstocked in our Children's Department; however, shall not make this (a genuine reduction)—offer—again this season.

T. J. ZIEGLER.

E. J. SMITH, Manager.

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The Regent Man's Shoe

At \$3 50 a pair

Has no equal at this price. Notwithstanding the steadily advancing cost in manufacturing all kinds of footwear we have kept this well known make at the same price—\$3.50—as always.



You probably are not aware that there is only one other line in the market that can claim superior shoemaking to this line and that is Hanan's. The Regent at \$3.50 has every other make beaten and equal if not in a great many instances, better, than some so-called \$5.00 Shoes. We have in stock at all times the variety of lasts to fit your feet with, in colored calf, avici kid, box calf, enamel—in light, medium and heavy soles.

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A Better One all around and sheep-skin lined, for..... **3.50**

Warm Vests—All wool, good looking and excellent values... **1.00**

Working Pants—strong and heavy, easily worth more money, **2.00**
\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.49 and.....

Overalls—with or without bib, heavy goods, at..... **50c**

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